Cabinet/Council

13 December 2023

Classification: Unrestricted

Report of: Julie Lorraine – Corporate Director of Resources

Council Tax Discounts and Premiums for Empty Properties and Second Homes

Lead Member	Councillor Saied Ahmed, Cabinet Member for Resources and the Cost of Living
Originating Officer(s)	Chris Boylett – Interim Head of Revenues and Benefits
Wards affected	All wards
Key Decision?	Yes
Reason for Key Decision	Significant impact on wards
Forward Plan Notice Published	02/11/2023
Exempt information	N/A
Strategic Plan Priority / Outcome	Investing in public services.

Executive Summary

This report seeks to gain agreement for the Council to amend the current Council Tax discounts and exemptions applied to empty properties from 1st April 2024. The reason for this decision is to encourage owners to bring properties back into use and increase the availability of homes in the borough.

The proposal also seeks to provide notice that the Council will introduce, from 1st April 2025, additional Council Tax premium on second homes in the borough.

Recommendations:

The Mayor in Cabinet is recommended to;

- 1. Reduce the current 100% discount awarded to unoccupied and unfurnished and uninhabitable dwellings is reduced to zero (0%) for the financial year 2024/25 onwards.
- 2. From 1st April 2024, amend the application of the levy of 100% premium for long-term empty properties to 1 year reducing this from the current 2 years.
- 3. From 1st April 2024 levy an additional premium on long-term empty property vacant for over 5 years at the maximum permitted level of 200%. The resulting charge will be 300% of the standard council tax.
- 4. From 1st April 2024 levy an additional premium on long-term empty property vacant for over 10 years at the maximum permitted level of 300%. The resulting charge will be 400% of the standard council tax.
- 5. Council be given the discretion, delegated to the Head of Revenues and Benefits to reduce or waive the long-term empty premium charge in exceptional circumstances.
- 6. Give 12 months' notice that the Council will introduce a second home premium of 100% from 1st April 2025.

1 REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS

- 1.1 The removal of the empty property discount will enable the Council to ensure that property owners are incentivised to return properties to occupation as soon as possible. With the ongoing shortage of housing across the borough it important that the availability of housing is maximised. At the same time this will reduce the administrative burden of awarding relatively small discounts.
- 1.2 Increasing the premiums on long term empty properties will again seek to incentivise owners to return these properties to the market. Although this will not impact many properties it does reinforce the Council's messaging about tackling empty homes.
- 1.3 Introducing the second home premium is also aimed at encouraging owners to potentially return properties to long term and permanent use increasing the availability of homes.

2 **ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS**

2.1 The alternative considered was to keep the empty home premium at its current level and not to introduce the second home premium but given the priority to increase the availability of affordable housing in the borough this would not help to utilise this measure to encourage owners to bring properties back into occupation.

2.2 In relation to the removal of the empty and unfurnished discount again the alternative considered was to retain the 1-month discount, but this is administratively burdensome and would result in a continued loss of income to the council.

3 <u>DETAILS OF THE REPORT</u>

- 3.1 For council tax purposes, empty is defined as unoccupied and substantially unfurnished. Currently long-term empty properties, those empty over 1 months do not receive any discount and a full council tax is charged. The level of discount for unfurnished properties up to 1 month remains the maximum permitted amount (100%). Each billing authority has the discretion to give a discount of any amount from 0% to 100% in respect of empty properties.
- 3.2 As at the 2nd October 2023 the most recent Council Tax base (CTB) return the Council identified 232 properties receiving the 100% discount on that day. A further 1,751 were still empty after 6 months. These would have all receive the 100% discount for a month. All of these properties would be impacted by the removal of the discount. In general, empty discounts are granted for short periods and are of relatively low value given the fast turnaround of rental properties in the borough. During 2022/23 a total of 3,696 discounts were given with an average value of £56.93. With a total of £187,604 awarded over the financial year, including the GLA's share.
- 3.3 The Council currently applies a long-term empty property premium of 100% of the charge to all properties empty and unfurnished over 2 years. The Levelling-up and Regeneration Act 2023 allows Councils to charge this premium after a property is empty for 1 year. As at the beginning of October 2023 the Council has identified 719 properties that would fall into this category.
- 3.4 In 2019 the Government permitted Council's to increase the premiums charged for properties empty for more than 5 and 10 years to 200% and 300% respectively. This option has not yet been exercised by the Council an additional 50% of the council tax charged.
- 3.5 At the beginning of October 2023, the Council's annual CTB return identified 184 properties that have been empty for over 2 years. Of these 27 have been empty over 5 years and a further 8 over 10 years. Initially it will be these properties that will be impacted by the increase in premium.
- 3.6 The Levelling-up and Regeneration Act 2023 gives Council's the powers to levy a premium of 100% on second homes. Second homes being those that do not have permanent occupant(s) and are 'substantially furnished'. The Council currently records 2,318 properties as second homes. During the next year the service will review all cases to ensure its records are accurate before applying the levy. This will also allow owners to make an informed decision before the levy is charged. This could result in a change in use of the property and increase the availability of housing in the borough.

4 EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 The data available to understand the equality impacts of these proposals is limited. Those properties that may have benefited from the empty property discount or will be impacted by the empty or second home premiums will not be by definition the sole or main residence of the owner or may be owned by an organisation such as the Council, RSL or private business and as such it is unlikely would be impacted unfairly as they have more than one property.
- 4.2 When looking at historical awards the properties are geographically spread across the borough and with the data held (Name and forwarding address) it is not possible to demonstrate that the proposal is impacting any group more proportionally than any other. It is less likely that individual owners of properties empty over 1 years will fall within the lower income groups.
- 4.3 To allow private landlords to move a property into occupation and avoid having to pay the proposed premium the Council offers opportunities to private landlords to let the property to the tenants through the Council. This offers potential landlords the opportunity to positively impact upon homeless people and families within the borough.
- 4.4 By giving 12 months' notice to those who own a second home within the borough of the Council's intention to levy a premium those owners will have the opportunity to change the way in which the property is used. Again, this may lead to additional properties to be made available to rent or sold to buyers who intend to use the property as their main residence.

5 COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

5.1 The additional income the Council is estimated to received from the changes outlined in the report is shown in the table below:

	24/25 £000	25/26 £000
Empty Property Premium	546	546
Empty Property Exemption	135	135
Second Home Premium	•	2,000
Total Additional CTAX Income	681	2,681

6 COMMENTS OF LEGAL SERVICES

- 6.1 The percentage levels of reduction referred in recommendation 1 is that allowable under the current legislation.
- 6.2 The current legislation (Local Government Finance Act 1992) is set for amendment and will be enforce from the 1st April 2024. The levies referred to

- in recommendations 2 to 4 inclusive relate to the new levies that will come into force and will be compliant with the new legislation at that time.
- 6.3 The Council is also entitled to determine the level of discount which may apply to second homes including a determination that no discount might apply.
- 6.4 Central Government Guidance suggests that local authorities should consider the state of the housing market when making the determination detailed in this report. The intention of the Council is to increase the availability of homes in the borough which appears to meet the guidance. Therefore the Council has the power to undertake the activities detailed in this report.

Linked Reports, Appendices and Background Documents

Linked Report

None

Appendices

None

Background Documents – Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements)(Access to Information)(England) Regulations 2012

None

Officer contact details for documents:

N/A