

Tower Hamlets Application for a premises licence Licensing Act 2003

For help contact licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk

Telephone: 020 7364 5008

* required information

Section 1 of 21				
You can save the form at any time and resume it later. You do not need to be logged in when you resume.				
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.		
Your reference Suvlaki Shoreditch		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.		
Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant? • Yes		Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.		
Applicant Details				
* First name	Mr Ismail			
* Family name	Yalgi			
* E-mail	i			
Main telephone number		Include country code.		
Other telephone number				
☐ Indicate here if the applicant would prefer not to be contacted by telephone				
Is the applicant:				
 Applying as a business or organisation, including as a sole trader 		A sole trader is a business owned by one		
 Applying as an individual 	al	person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.		

United Kingdom	
Mrs Aysen	
Ipek Kilic	
	Include country code.
ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone	
ess or organisation, including a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one
ng as an agent	person without any special legal structure.
YesNo	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.
10041572	
Narts Food and Leisure Limited	If your business is registered, use its registered name.
	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.
Private Limited Company	
Licensing Consultant	
United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
•	United Kingdom Mrs Aysen Ipek Kilic Ild prefer not to be contacted by telephone ess or organisation, including a sole trader ng as an agent Yes No 10041572 Narts Food and Leisure Limited Private Limited Company Licensing Consultant

Continued from previous page		
Agent Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
Building number or name	NARTS	
District		
City or town		
County or administrative area		
Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 21		
PREMISES DETAILS		
	oly for a premises licence under section 17 of the premises) and I/we are making this application the Licensing Act 2003.	
Premises Address		
Are you able to provide a posta	al address, OS map reference or description of t	he premises?
AddressOS map	o reference O Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	Suvlaki Shoreditch	
Street	161 Brick Lane	
District	Shoreditch	
City or town	London	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	E1 6SB	
Country	United Kingdom	
Further Details		
Telephone number		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)	27,750	

Secti	on 3 of 21		
APPL	LICATION DETAILS		
In wh	nat capacity are you applyi	ing for the premises licence?	
\boxtimes	An individual or individual	als	
	A limited company / limit	ted liability partnership	
	A partnership (other than	n limited liability)	
	An unincorporated associ	ciation	
	Other (for example a stat	utory corporation)	
	A recognised club		
	A charity		
	The proprietor of an educ	cational establishment	
	A health service body		
		ed under part 2 of the Care Standards Act in independent hospital in Wales	
	A person who is registered under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 in respect of the carrying on of a regulated activity (within the meaning of that Part) in an independent hospital in England		
	The chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales		
Conf	firm The Following		
\boxtimes	I am carrying on or propo the use of the premises fo	osing to carry on a business which involves or licensable activities	
	☐ I am making the application pursuant to a statutory function		
	I am making the application pursuant to a function discharged by virtue of Her Majesty's prerogative		
Secti	on 4 of 21		
INDI	VIDUAL APPLICANT DET	AILS	
	licant Name e name the same as (or sin	nilar to) the details given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details
•	Yes	○ No	from section one, or amend them as required Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
First	name	Mr Ismail	
Fam	ily name		
Is the	Is the applicant 18 years of age or older?		
•	Yes	○ No	

Continued from previous page		
Current Residential Address		
		If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details from section one, or amend them as
Yes	○ No	required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
Building number or name		
District		
City or town		
County or administrative area		
Country	United Kingdom	
Applicant Contact Details		
	ne as (or similar to) those given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details
Yes	○ No	from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely
• 163	(NO	new set of details.
Telephone number		
Other telephone number		
* Date of birth		
	dd mm yyyy	
* Nationality	British	Documents that demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK
Right to work share code		Right to work share code if not submitting scanned documents
		scarried documents
	Add another applicant	
Section 5 of 21		
OPERATING SCHEDULE		
When do you want the premises licence to start?	08 / 12 / 2022 dd mm yyyy	
If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end		
Provide a general description	of the premises	

Continued from previous page	
For example the type of premises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant t licensing objectives. Where your application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for consumption of these off- supplies you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the premises.	o the
Restaurant, take-away	
If 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, state the number expected to attend	
Section 6 of 21	
PROVISION OF PLAYS	
See guidance on regulated entertainment	
Will you be providing plays?	
○ Yes	
Section 7 of 21	
PROVISION OF FILMS	
See guidance on regulated entertainment	
Will you be providing films?	
○ Yes	
Section 8 of 21	
PROVISION OF INDOOR SPORTING EVENTS	
See guidance on regulated entertainment	
Will you be providing indoor sporting events?	
○ Yes	
Section 9 of 21	
PROVISION OF BOXING OR WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS	
See guidance on regulated entertainment	
Will you be providing boxing or wrestling entertainments?	
○ Yes	
Section 10 of 21	
PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC	
See guidance on regulated entertainment	
Will you be providing live music?	
○ Yes	
Section 11 of 21	
PROVISION OF RECORDED MUSIC	
See quidance on regulated entertainment	

Continued from previous	page			
Will you be providing re	ecorded music?			
○ Yes	No			
Section 12 of 21				
PROVISION OF PERFO	RMANCES OF DANCE			
See guidance on regula	ated entertainment			
Will you be providing p	erformances of dance?	?		
○ Yes	No			
Section 13 of 21				
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	IING OF A SIMILAR DE	SCRIPTION TO LIVE	MUSIC, REC	CORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF
See guidance on regula				
Will you be providing a performances of dance		music, recorded mus	sic or	
○ Yes	No			
Section 14 of 21				
LATE NIGHT REFRESH	MENT			
Will you be providing la	ate night refreshment?			
Yes	○ No			
Standard Days And Ti	mings			
MONDAY				Characteristic and in 24 hours alone.
	Start 23:00	End	03:00	Give timings in 24 hour clock. (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	End		of the week when you intend the premises
T. 1505 417	Start	LIIG		to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY				
	Start 23:00	End	03:00	
	Start	End		
WEDNESDAY				
	Start 23:00	End	03:00	
	Start	End		
THIRDDAY	otal t	2.1.0		
THURSDAY				
	Start 23:00	End	04:00	
	Start	End		
FRIDAY				
	Start 23:00	End	04:00	
	Start	End		

Continued from previous page			
SATURDAY			
Start	23:00	End 04:00	
Start		End	
SUNDAY			
Start	23:00	End 00:00	
Start		End	
Will the provision of late night both?	refreshment take place indoo	ors or outdoors or	
Indoors	Outdoors •	Both	Where taking place in a building or other structure tick as appropriate. Indoors may include a tent.
State type of activity to be autiexclusively) whether or not mu			urther details, for example (but not
N/A			
State any seasonal variations			
For example (but not exclusive	ely) where the activity will occi	ur on additional da	ys during the summer months.
N/A			
Non-standard timings. Where those listed in the column on t		the supply of late n	ight refreshments at different times from
For example (but not exclusive	ely), where you wish the activit	ty to go on longer	on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
N/A			
Section 15 of 21			
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL			
Will you be selling or supplying	g alcohol?		
○ Yes	No		
PROPOSED DESIGNATED PRE			
How will the consent form of t be supplied to the authority?	rie proposea aesignatea prem	nises supervisor	
 Electronically, by the pro 	posed designated premises su	upervisor	

Continued from previous	page		
 As an attachment 	to this application		
Reference number for c form (if known)	consent		If the consent form is already submitted, ask the proposed designated premises supervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your reference'.
Section 16 of 21			
ADULT ENTERTAINME	NT		
	ertainment or services, act rise to concern in respect		nt or matters ancillary to the use of the
rise to concern in respe	ct of children, regardless o		y to the use of the premises which may give en to have access to the premises, for example gambling machines etc.
N/A			
Section 17 of 21			
HOURS PREMISES ARE	OPEN TO THE PUBLIC		
Standard Days And Ti	mings		
MONDAY			0
	Start 11:00	End 03:00	Give timings in 24 hour clock. (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	End	of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
THECDAY	Start		to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY	0:	5 1 20 00	1
	Start 11:00	End 03:00	
	Start	End	
WEDNESDAY			
	Start 11:00	End 03:00	
	Start	End	
THURSDAY			
	Start 11:00	End 04:00]
	Start	End	
FRIDAY	otal t		J
FRIDAY	C 11.00	F 1 04.00	1
	Start 11:00	End 04:00]
	Start	End	
SATURDAY			
	Start 11:00	End 04:00	
	Start	End	

Continued from previous page
SUNDAY
Start 11:00 End 00:00
Start End
State any seasonal variations
For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.
N/A
Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises to be open to the members and guests at different times from those listed in the column on the left, list below
For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
N/A
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LICENSING OBJECTIVES
Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:
a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)
List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.
Please see below
b) The prevention of crime and disorder
1) a) A cctv system covering the interior & exterior of the premises will be installed to current metropolitan police / Home
office standards and shall be kept operational at all times the premises are open to the public.
b) It shall be capable of taking a head & shoulders shot of persons entering the premises, of recording images to an
evidential standard in any fiditi and be cabable of stornic infades for a minimum of 3 cdays
evidential standard in any light and be capable of storing images for a minimum of 31 days. c) All staff who may work front of house shall be trained to operate the cctv system and download images.
c) All staff who may work front of house shall be trained to operate the cctv system and download images. d) At least one member of staff trained to operate the cctv system & download images shall be on duty at all times the
c) All staff who may work front of house shall be trained to operate the cctv system and download images. d) At least one member of staff trained to operate the cctv system & download images shall be on duty at all times the premises are open to the public. Footage shall be shown to the police and screenshots provided to them on request. Copies
c) All staff who may work front of house shall be trained to operate the cctv system and download images. d) At least one member of staff trained to operate the cctv system & download images shall be on duty at all times the

2) An incident book shall be kept at the premises, and made available to the police or authorised council officers, which will

- record the following: A) All crimes reported,
 B) Lost property,
- C) All ejections of customers,
- D) Any complaints received,
- E) Any incidents of disorder,

Continued from previous page
F) Any seizure of drugs or offensive weapons, G) Any faults in the cctv,
H) Any visit by a relevant authority or emergency service
3) Notices will be prominently displayed by the entry/ exit door and point of sale (as appropriate) advising customers:
A) That cctv in operation;
B) Of the permitted hours for licensable activities & the opening times of the premises;
D) To respect residents, leave quietly, not to loiter outside the premises or in the vicinity and to dispose of litter legally.
c) Public safety
A fire risk assessment and emergency plan will be prepared and regularly reviewed. All staff will receive appropriate fire safety training and refresher training.
d) The prevention of public nuisance
1) The front of the premises shall be kept tidy at all times and be swept at close.
2) Relevant notices will be prominently displayed by the entry/ exit door and point of sale (as appropriate)
3) No deliveries will be received or rubbish removed from the premises between 22.00 & 07.00.
4) Any music played will only be played at background level.
5) An incident book shall be kept at the premises and made available to the police or authorized council officers –see box b condition 5 for full details of the information to be recorded.
6) A contact telephone number shall be made plainly available on the website and social media pages for the business for
local residents to use to make any noise or other complaints, and remedial action shall be taken as required.
7) A written record of complaints and, where applicable, remedial action taken shall be kept for a minimum of 31 days from
the date of the last entry in the record and this record shall be available for inspection on demand by Council Officers at all
times the premises are open.
8) A responsible member of staff shall carry out proactive noise assessments around the outside of the premises at least
once an hour during the provision of late night refreshment to ensure that noise is not audible at the boundary of the
nearest and / or most affected noise sensitive residential property or business and remedial action shall be taken where
noise is found to be audible.
9) A written record of proactive external noise assessments and, where applicable, remedial action taken shall be kept for a
minimum of 31 days from the date of the last entry in the record and this record shall be available for inspection on demand
by Council Officers at all times the premises are open.
e) The protection of children from harm
· ·
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NOTES ON DEMONSTRATING ENTITLEMENT TO WORK IN THE UK

Entitlement to work/immigration status for individual applicants and applications from partnerships which are not limited liability partnerships:

A licence may not be held by an individual or an individual in a partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any premises licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have an entitlement to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. They do this in one of two ways: 1) by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the documents listed below (which do not need to be certified), or 2) by providing their 'share code' to enable the licensing authority to carry out a check using the Home Office online right to work checking service (see below).

Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is A British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A current Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay
 indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, when produced in combination with an
 official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a
 Government agency or a previous employer.

- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder
 with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not
 subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity
 when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance
 number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, less than 6 months old, issued by the Home Office under regulation 18(3) or 20(2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK
 with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or
 reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration
 decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but
 who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in
 the UK including:-
 - evidence of the applicant's own identity such as a passport,
 - evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
 - evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
 - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
 - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,
 - (iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
 - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHIC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities. If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

- (i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;
- (ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;
- (iii) any page containing the holder's signature;
- (iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and
- (v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

Home Office online right to work checking service

As an alternative to providing a copy of the documents listed above, applicants may demonstrate their right to work by allowing the licensing authority to carry out a check with the Home Office online right to work checking service.

To demonstrate their right to work via the Home Office online right to work checking service, applicants should include in this application their 9-digit share code (provided to them upon accessing the service at https://www.gov.uk/prove-right-to-work) which, along with the applicant's date of birth (provided within this application), will allow the licensing authority to carry out the check.

In order to establish the applicant's right to work, the check will need to indicate that the applicant is allowed to work in the United Kingdom and is not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

An online check will not be possible in all circumstances because not all applicants will have an immigration status that can be checked online. The Home Office online right to work checking service sets out what information and/or documentation applicants will need in order to access the service. Applicants who are unable to obtain a share code from the service should submit copy documents as set out above.

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NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT

In terms of specific regulated entertainments please note that:

- Plays: no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- Films: no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- Indoor sporting events: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment: no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- Live music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
- Recorded Music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

- Dance: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500. However, a performance which amounts to adult entertainment remains licensable.
- Cross activity exemptions: no licence is required between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, with no limit on audience size for:
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the local authority where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the local authority;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the hospital premises of the health care provider where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the health care provider;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the school where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the school proprietor; and
 - o any entertainment (excluding films and a boxing or wrestling entertainment) taking place at a travelling circus, provided that (a) it takes place within a moveable structure that accommodates the audience, and (b) that the travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

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PAYMENT DETAILS

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Premises Licence Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/business_rates/index.htm

Band A - No RV to £4,300 = £100.00

Band B - £4,301 to £33,000 = £190.00

Band C - £33.001 to £8700 = 315.00

Band D - £87001 to £12500 = £450.00*

Band E - £125001 and over = 635.00*

*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Band D - £7001 to £12500 = £900.00

Band E - £125001 and over £1,905.00

There is an exemption from the payment of fees in relation to the provision of regulated entertainment at church halls, chapel halls or premises of a similar nature, village halls, parish or community halls, or other premises of a similar nature. The costs associated with these licences will be met by central Government. If, however, the licence also authorises the use of the premises for the supply of alcohol or the provision of late night refreshment, a fee will be required.

Schools and sixth form colleges are exempt from the fees associated with the authorisation of regulated entertainment only where the entertainment is provided by and at the school or college and for the purposes of the school or college.

If you operate a large event you are subject to ADDITIONAL fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time

Capacity 5000-9999 = £1,000.00

Capacity 10000 - 14999 = £2,000.00

Capacity 15000-19999 = £4,000.00

Capacity 20000-29999 = £8,000.00

Capacity 30000-39000 = £16,000.00

Capacity 40000-49999 = £24,000.00

Capacity 50000-59999 = £32,000.00

Capacity 60000-69999 = £40,000.00

Capacity 70000-79999 = £48,000.00

Capacity 80000-89999 = £56,000.00

Capacity 90000 and over = £64,000.00

NOTE: From 1st January 2018 Licences if you are granted a Licence to permit the sale/supply of alcohol between midnight and 6am (00:00 and 06:00 hours) on any day you will be liable to pay the Late Night Levy charge. The charge must be paid 14 days after the grant of your Licence, unless you fall within one of the exemption categories. Non-payment of the levy can result in suspension of your licence, as per sections 55A and 92A of the Licensing Act 2003, as amended and section 229(6) of the Police and Social Responsibility Act 2011. For more information below visit https://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/latenightlevy

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* Fee amount (£)	190.00		
DECLARATION			
		iction to a fine up to level 5 or n or in connection with this ap	n the standard scale, under section 158 of the oplication.
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This section should be comple behalf of the applicant?"	ted by the applica	int, unless you answered "Yes'	" to the question "Are you an agent acting on
* Full name	Mrs Aysen ıpek k	ilic	
* Capacity	Licensing Consul	ltant	
* Date	09 / 11 / dd mm	2022 уууу	
	Add	another signatory]

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Once you're finished you need to do the following:

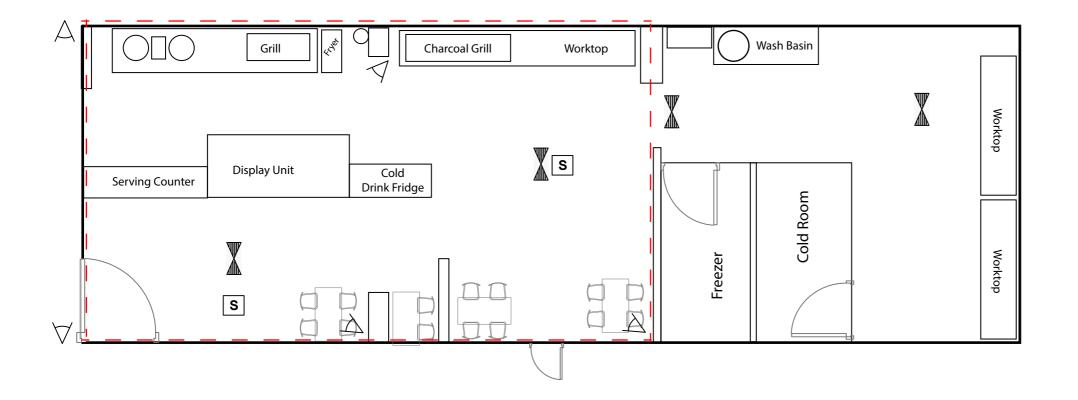
1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as...

- 2. Go back to https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/tower-hamlets/apply-1 to upload this file and continue with your application.
- Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.

IT IS AN OFFENCE LIABLE TO SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

IT IS AN OFFENCE UNDER SECTION 24B OF THE IMMIGRATION ACT 1971 FOR A PERSON TO WORK WHEN THEY KNOW, OR HAVE REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THEY ARE DISQUALIFIED FROM DOING SO BY REASON OF THEIR IMMIGRATION STATUS. THOSE WHO EMPLOY AN ADULT WITHOUT LEAVE OR WHO IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT WILL BE LIABLE TO A CIVIL PENALTY UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE IMMIGRATION, ASYLUM AND NATIONALITY ACT 2006 AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE SAME ACT, WILL BE COMMITTING AN OFFENCE WHERE THEY DO SO IN THE KNOWLEDGE, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS DISQUALIFIED

OFFICE USE ONLY	
Applicant reference number	Suvlaki Shoreditch
Fee paid	
Payment provider reference	
ELMS Payment Reference	
Payment status	
Payment authorisation code	
Payment authorisation date	
Date and time submitted	
Approval deadline	
Error message	
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WC AREA FRIDGES

AMBIT OF LICENSED PREMISES



SAFETY LIGHTS



SMOKE DETECTOR



CCTV



FIRE ESCAPE KEEP CLEAR



INTERNALLY S 22 ILLUMINATED FIRE ESCAPE SIGN (BS 5266)



A CARBON DIOXIDE FIRE EXTINGUISHER



9 LT. WATER FIRE EXTINGUISHER



FAN

RevNo	Revision note	Date	Itemref	Quantity	Title/Name, designation, material, dimension etc		Reference	
			Designe ABD	d by		Approved I 01/10/2022	•	Filename 332KL-1
			161 Brick Lane, Shoreditch, London E1 6SB					Date
			PLAN DRA		RAWING	Total Area	Sheet	Scale 1:100 @ A4

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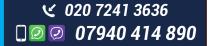
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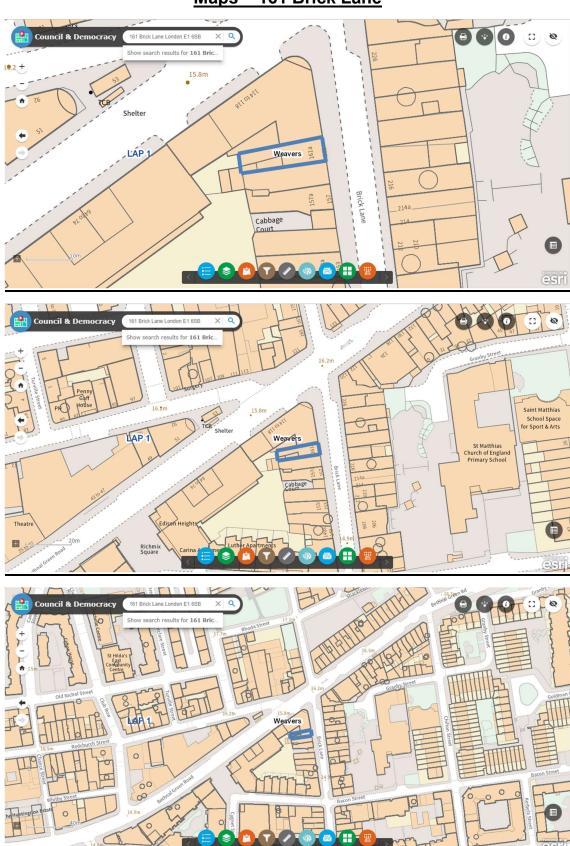
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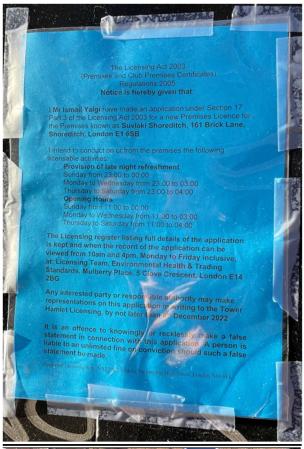




Maps - 161 Brick Lane



Photos - 161 Brick Lane











PREMISES	LICENSING HOURS	OPENING HOURS		
(Beigel Bake)	The provision of late-night	There are no restrictions		
159 Brick Lane	refreshment	on the hours during which		
	Monday to Sunday 23:00 – 05:00	this premises is open to		
(Class Hauss)	hours	the public		
(Glass House) Unit A	Sale of Alcohol (on sales) Monday – Sunday 11:00 hours –	Monday – Sunday 11:00 hours – 01:30 hours		
114-118 Bethnal	01:00 hours	110013 - 01.00 110013		
Green Road	0.1.00 1.10 1.11			
	Provision of Late-Night			
	Refreshments (indoors)			
	Monday – Sunday 23:00 hours –			
	01:00 hours			
	Provision of Regulated			
	Entertainment (indoors)			
	Live and recorded music,			
	performance of dance			
	Monday – Sunday 11:00 – 01:00			
	hours			
(Matauta)		Manday to Cyndey from		
(Katsute) 147 Brick Lane	Sale of alcohol (On and Off Sales) Monday to Sunday from 11:00 hours	Monday to Sunday from 08:00 hours to 23:00		
147 DIICK Laile	to 22:30 hours	hours		
	10 ZZ.00 NOGIO	Tioure		
(Simmons Bar)	The sale of alcohol	Sunday to Thursday, from		
202 Brick Lane	Sunday to Thursday, from 11:00	10:00 hours to 23:30 hrs		
	hours to 23:00 hrs			
	Friday and Saturday from 11:00	Friday and Saturday, from 10:00 hours to 01:00 hrs		
	Friday and Saturday, from 11:00 hours to 00:30 hrs	10:00 hours to 01:00 hrs		
	riodis to 00.30 fils			
	Provision of late-night			
	refreshment:			
	Sunday to Thursday, from 23:00			
	hours to 23:30 hrs			
	Friday and Saturday from 22:00			
	Friday and Saturday, from 23:00 hours to 01:00 hrs			
	110410 10 0 1100 1110			
(3AKE)	Sale of Alcohol (Off Sales only)	There are no restrictions		
204 Brick Lane	Monday to Saturday from 10:00	on the hours during which		
	hours to 23:00 hours	this premises is open to		
		the public		
	Sunday 12:00 hours to 22:30 hours			
	Sale of Alcohol (On Sales only)			
	(1) On weekdays, other than			
	Christmas Day, Good Friday			

	or New Year's Eve from 10am to midnight. (2) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day or New Year's Eve, and on Good Friday: 12 noon to 11:30pm (3) On Christmas Day: 12 noon to 11:30pm; (4) On New Year's Eve, except on a Sunday, 11 a.m. to midnight; (5) On New Year's Eve on a Sunday, 12 noon to 11.30 p.m. (6) On New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Year's Eve to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31st December).	
(Alcotraz) 212 Brick Lane	 The sale by retail of alcohol (on and off sales) (Monday and Tuesday, no licensable activities) Wednesday and Thursday, from 12:00 hours to 23:30 hours Friday and Saturday, from 12:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight) Sunday, from 12:00 hours to 22:30 hours (Monday and Tuesday, no licensable activities) Wednesday to Friday, from 17:00 hours to 23:00 hours Saturday, from 12:00 hours to 23:00 hours Saturday, from 16:00 hours to 19:00 hours 	 (Monday and Tuesday, premises not open) Wednesday and Thursday, 12:00 hrs to 00:00 hrs (midnight) Friday and Saturday, from 12:00 hrs to 00:30 hrs the following day Sunday, from 12:00 hrs to 23:00 hrs

	The provision of regulated entertainment - Indoors • (Monday and Tuesday, no licensable activities) • Wednesday and Thursday, from 23:00 hours to 23:30 hours • Friday and Saturday, from 23:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight)	
(AM 2 PM Convenience Store) 210 Brick Lane London	 Alcohol (off sales) Monday to Thursday, from 06:00 hours to 01:30 hours Friday and Saturday, from 06:00 hours to 02:00 hours Sunday, from 06:00 hours to 01:00 hours 	Monday to Sunday, from 00:00 hours to 23:59 hours (24 hours)
(I Mattoni) 224 Brick Lane	Alcohol (on & off sales) Sunday to Thursday, from 12:00 hours to 23:00 Friday and Saturday, from 12:00 hours to 12midnight Late Night Refreshment Sunday to Thursday, from 23:00 hours to 12midnight Friday and Saturday, from 23:00 hours to 01:00 hours the following day	Sunday to Thursday, from 09:00 hours to 12midnight Friday and Saturday, from 09:00 hours to 01:00 hours the following day



Licensing Authority:

CC: Applicant's agent Aysen Ipek Kilic

08th December 2022

Your reference

My reference: LIC/154789/LMI

Dear Sir/Madam,

PLACE Directorate Public Realm

Environmental Health & Trading Standards Licensing & Safety Team **Mulberry Place 5 Clove Crescent** London E14 2BG

Email: licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk

www.towerhamlets.gov.uk

Licensing Act 2003

New premises licence application: (Suvlaki) 161 Brick Lane E1 6SB

The Licensing Authority (acting a Responsible Authority) is making a representation against the above application.

Special Cumulative Impact Policy for the Brick Lane

This special policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates which are likely to add to the existing cumulative impact will normally be refused following the receipt of representations, unless the applicant can demonstrate in the operation schedule that there will be no negative cumulative impacts with one or more of the licensing objectives.

The Council reviewed the Special Cumulative Impact Policy in 2021 and, following consultation, decided it was still of the opinion that the concentration of licensed premises within Brick Lane area was having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance.

The Licensing Authority is of the view that the number, type and density of premises selling/supplying alcohol for consumption on and off the premises and/or the provision of late night refreshment in the Brick Lane is having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives. Therefore, it is likely that granting further licences would be inconsistent with the authority's duty to promote the licensing objectives. Thus, it has declared a cumulative impact assessment within these areas.

This Policy will be strictly applied and where relevant representations are received and it is the view of the Council that the application will be refused. Applicants will need to demonstrate that there are exceptional circumstances and that granting their application will not negatively add to the cumulative effect on the Licensing Objectives within the Brick Lane CIA if they wish to rebut this presumption.





The Special Cumulative Impact policy creates a rebuttable presumption that where relevant representations are received by one or more of the responsible authorities and/or other persons against applications (Councillors, Members of the Public) within the CIA zones the application will be refused.

Where representations have been received in respect to applications within the CIA zones the onus is on the applicant to adequately rebut the presumption.

This special policy is not absolute and the Licensing Authority recognises that it has to balance the needs of businesses with local residents. The circumstances of each application will be considered on its merits and the Licensing Authority shall grant applications, when representations are not received. The applicant should demonstrated that the operation of the premises will not add to the cumulative impact on one or more of the following licensing objectives:

- Prevention of Crime and Disorder;
- Prevention of Public Nuisance.

Therefore, applicants will be expected to comprehensively demonstrate why a new or varied licence will not add to the cumulative impact. They are strongly advised to give consideration to mitigating potential cumulative impact issues when setting out steps they will take to promote the licensing objectives in their operating schedule.

Possible exceptions to the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Cumulative Impact Assessments

- Applications for licences for small premises with a capacity of fifty persons or less who only intend to operate within framework hours, and that;
 - Only have consumption of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) on the premises only,
 - Only provide Off sales of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) for delivery (i.e. not for take away).

and,

- Have arrangements to prevent vertical drinking, for example fully seated venues;
- Applications for licences that are not alcohol led (e.g. Hairdressers wanting to provide alcohol to clients during their hair cut/treatments),
- Applications for licences where the applicant has recently surrendered a licence for another premises of a similar size and providing similar licensable activities in the same CIA Area.

<u>Licensing Authority will **not** consider the following as possible exceptions:</u>

- that the premises will be well managed and run,
- that the premises will be constructed to a high standard,
- that the applicant operates similar premises elsewhere without complaint.





Licensable activities and times

The Licensing Authority has had regard to the Guidance to the Act when determining this policy. The end times set out in the policy are not (and should not be regarded as) the 'usual' or 'normal' terminal hour for licensable activities in the Borough. Instead, the 'framework hours' serve to identify cases where the Licensing Authority will pay particular regard to the likely effect on the local neighbourhood of carrying out the proposed licensable activities during the hours applied for. Applications for hours up to the end of the Framework Hours will not automatically be granted. This policy will be applied only where relevant representations are made. Each case will be considered on its merits.

Sunday – 06:00 hours to 22:30 hours
 Monday to Thursday – 06:00 hours to 23:30 hours

Friday and Saturday — 06:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight)

Applications in respect of premises licences and club premises certificates to authorise licensable activities outside the framework hours, and in respect of which relevant representations are made, will be decided on their own merits and with particular regard to the following.

- a) The location of the premises and the general character of the area in which the premises are situated. (i.e. does the area include residential or business premises likely to be adversely affected).
- b) The proposed hours during which licensable activities will be take place and the proposed hours during which customers will be permitted to remain on the premises.
- c) The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to address the issues of the prevention of crime and disorder and the prevention of public nuisance.
- d) Where the premises have been previously licensed, the past operation of the premises.
- e) Whether customers have access to public transport when arriving at or leaving the premises at night time and in the early hours of the morning.
- f) The proximity of the premises to other licensed premises in the vicinity and the hours of those other premises.





The Home Office guidance

under Section 182 of the Licensing Act2003 (8.42) says:

"Applicants are, in particular, expected to obtain sufficient information to enable them to demonstrate, when setting out the steps they propose to take to promote the licensing objectives, that they understand:

- the layout of the local area and physical environment including crime and disorder hotspots, proximity to residential premises and proximity to areas where children may congregate;
- any risk posed to the local area by the applicants' proposed licensable activities; and
- any local initiatives (for example, local crime reduction initiatives or voluntary schemes including local taxi-marshalling schemes, street pastors and other schemes) which may help to mitigate potential risks."

On a balance of probability, this Authority is concerned by the addition of another premises providing licensable activities, potentially adding to the existing anti-social issues in the area, particularly through access and egress and therefore potentially undermining the licensing objectives.

The applicant has applied for the following hours for the provisions of Late-Night Refreshment:

Monday to Wednesday from 23:00 hours to 03:00 hours (3.5 hours past framework hours) Thursday from 23:00 hours 04:00 hours (4.5 hours past framework hours) Friday to Saturday 23:00 hours to 04:00 hours (4 hours past framework hours) Sundays from 23:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight) 1.5 hours past framework

If the applicant is unable to prove to the Licensing Sub-Committee, through the implementation of appropriate conditions within the Operating Schedule, that the granting of the application will not undermine the licensing objectives; then the application should be rejected. However, if the Sub-Committee is minded to grant a licence then I would ask that a reduction of hours to framework hours to be applied to the licence to prevent the likelihood of further public nuisance within the Brick Lane CIA.

Yours faithfully
Lavine Miller-Johnson
Licensing Officer



Corinne Holland

From: Nicola Cadzow

Sent: 10 November 2022 15:48

To: Licensing

Cc: 'MARK.J.Perry ; iyalgi

Subject: 154789 MAU REPRESENTATION Suvlaki 161 Brick Lane, London

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Completed

Dear Licensing,

Having considered the premises license application for Suvlaki 161 Brick Lane, London I have to consider the impact of the licensing objectives, particular for Environmental Protection the prevention of public nuisance and the prevention of noise generated from within the premises or outside to be causing disturbance to people in the vicinity. Also the applicant has applied for hours above and beyond the councils framework hours, especially given the fact that the premises is within Brick Cumulative Impact Zone.

It must be noted that the Council's framework hours (i.e. when premises are open) are:

- Monday to Thursday 0600 hours to 2330 hours; and
- Friday & Saturday 0600 hours to midnight
- Sunday 0600 hours to 2230 hours.

The applicant is proposing licensable activity: late night refreshment:

 Monday to Wednesday until 03:00 hours (extension of three & a half hours on framework hours)

• Thursday until 04:00 hours (extension of four and a half hours on framework hours)

• Friday & Saturday until 04:00 hours (extension of four hours on framework hours)

• Sunday until midnight (extension of an hour and a half on framework hours) .

Noise Sensitive premises: residential premises in close proximity to 161 Brick Lane, London

In my view the application, as it stands fails, to comply with the objective of the Licensing Act 2003 relating to "public nuisance" for the following reasons:-

- Noise breakout from the venue affecting neighbouring residents.
- The hours of operation (inclusive of proposals)

CONCLUSION

Environmental Protection **does not** support the application for Suvlaki 161 Brick Lane, London for the following reasons:

- (1) Great likelihood of disturbance to residential premises at the noise sensitive hours sought.
- (2) The premises is in Brick Lane Cumulative Impact Zone.

Kind regards

Nicola Cadzow
Environmental Protection Team
Place Directorate
London Borough of Tower Hamlets
Mulberry Place Town Hall
5 Clove Crescent
London E14 2BG

www.towerhamlets.gov.uk

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Section 61 consent

To apply for all Control of Pollution Act 1974 Section 61 consents, dispensations and variations please apply here:

https://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/lgnl/environment and waste/environmental health/pollution/Guidan ce-for-Section-61-Applications.aspx

Click here to see the Tower Hamlets Noise

map: https://towerhamlets.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=ab567dca90424100b00 26259e447d911



Tom Lewis Head of Licensing Tower Hamlets Council **HT - Tower Hamlets Borough**

Licensing Office
Shoreditch Police Station

Email: www.met.police.uk

7th December 2022

Dear Sir,

Central East Police Licensing formally object to the application for a Premises License for Suvlaki Shoreditch, at 161 Brick Lane. This objection is on the grounds of preventing Crime and Disorder and Public Nuisance.

The applicant wishes to be open until 4am at the weekend, and until 3am the rest of the week. This is in the heart of Tower Hamlets Councils Cumulative Impact Zone, yet the applicant has made no mention of this in their application, let alone what steps they intend to take to prevent crime and disorder and public nuisance occurring.

At 3 and 4 in the morning the vast majority of customers attending the venue are going to be those who have been out drinking in Shoreditch and Brick Lane area. We believe many of those will be intoxicated and therefore more likely to involved in alcohol related crime and disorder due to their impaired decision making process, yet the applicant has not said how they will manage customers who are intoxicated.

We also know that people who are intoxicated tend to have raised voices and are less aware of the impact of their actions on others, especially local residents, some of whom are directly above or opposite the applicants premises. Again the applicant has made no mention of how he will prevent noise nuisance to local residents.

We request that the applicant is given close to framework hours and allowed to be open and have late night refreshment until midnight Monday to Sunday. This way the applicant will have a chance to demonstrate they are able to run a premises without adding to the crime and disorder or public nuisance already in the area. Once they have demonstrated this they can then apply for an extension.

We also ask that the following conditions are added to the license.

The premises shall have a noise management Policy and demonstrate how it will prevent its customers from causing noise nuisance including customers loitering outside the premises. This policy shall be written down, reviewed annually and made available to responsible authorities upon request.

The premises shall have a security plan to show how it will deal with customers that are causing disorder or anti-social behaviour. This policy shall be written down, reviewed annually and made available to responsible authorities upon request.

Kind Regards

Mark



PC Mark Perry Central East Licensing Unit Metropolitan Police Service (MPS)

T:

A: Licensing Office, 2nd Floor Stoke Newington Police Station

Corinne Holland

From: Licensing

Sent: 09 December 2022 12:16

To: Corinne Holland

Subject: FW: re[2]: Objection Suvlaki Shoreditch 161 Brick Lane.doc

From: MARK.J.Perry

Sent: 09 December 2022 09:18

To: narts.org.uk; iyalgi Licensing <

Cc: Nicola Cadzow

Subject: RE: re[2]: Objection Suvlaki Shoreditch 161 Brick Lane.doc

Hi Aysen,

More than happy to meet up, before Christmas is difficult as this our busiest period with the preparations for New Years Eve, it is Christmas party season and the Football World Cup is also taking place. Also there are 4 train strikes next week including Tuesday, and I am on leave from the 19th December.

As the hearing is probably not going to be until the end of January or more likely February at the earliest can I suggest that we meet in the first couple of weeks of January, along with any other objectors. Hopefully we can reach agreement on hours and conditions and then if we do I can withdraw my objection.

If that's ok, can I ask you to suggest some dates and times, ideally in the morning?

Look forward to hearing from you.

Kind Regards

Mark



PC Mark Perry
Central East Licensing Unit
Metropolitan Police Service (MPS)

A: Licensing Office, 1st Floor Stoke Newington Police Station





From: Aysen Ipek Kilic

Sent: 08 December 2022 17:03

To: Perry Mark J - CE-CU

Cc:

Subject: re[2]: Objection Suvlaki Shoreditch 161 Brick Lane.doc

Dear Mark.

I have discussed the issue with my client, actually if you have time we would really like to meet you on the site and discuss the application.

I believe we can find a way to agree on the times and conditions much better face to face.

Tuesday is a good time for us but whenever suits you i will try to arrange

Please let me know

Best Regards Aysen

> Dear Aysen,

My apologies, my objection seems to of upset you and that was not my intention. I also have to apologise as you did include the covering letter and in-fact I did read it, I just could not remember it when writing my objection, and its contents did not contain any information that removed the concerns I had about the application.

With reference to the letter it seems to focus primarily on allowing people to report problems to the venue manager via a phone number, recording of said complaints, and carrying out noise assessments, which while welcome are mostly re-active not pro-active. It does not say how it will deal with intoxicated, and / or disruptive customers, or prevent them causing problems in the first place.

It also suggests that because the venue has seating, this will reduce noise nuisance, but what if people congregate outside in the early hours of the morning will staff direct them to sit inside, will there be staff outside to manage customers who do not want to sit inside?

It also says your clients have experience but does not expand on when and where this experience was gained, and how it is relevant.

Your covering letter does mention the bagel shops, and sites them as very busy and that having another venue will help reduce queuing which may or may not be true as the Brick Lane Bagel shops are somewhat iconic and attract customers who wish to have a "Brick Lane Bagel". As I am sure you are aware the Bagel shops also attract crime and disorder including from street drinkers and street beggars who try to aggressively beg from venues customers. How will your clients protect their customers and staff from this and manage this issue?

I have to refute your suggestion that we did not read your application and send out generic responses, this is simply not true Each application is considered on its merits and although similar premises operate in the same area we treat each one separately.

I am sorry you do not wish to discuss this, but I am always available to talk about the application should you change your mind.

Kind Regards

Mark

PC Mark Perry Central East Licensing Unit Metro olitan Police Service (MPS)

A: Licensing Office, 1st Floor Stoke Newington Police Station

----Original Message---From: Aysen Ipek Kilic < Sent: 08 December 2022 09:33 To: Perry Mark J - CE-CU "> < licensin Cc:

Subject: re: Objection Suvlaki Shoreditch 161 Brick Lane.doc

Dear Mark,

I am very surprised by your email, you are stating that nothing has mentioned about the cumulative impact policy, Its so unfortunate that you havent read the application properly, I have written a cover letter and proposed relevent conditions. (We are also happy to accept the ones you have proposed.) It feels like you send this generic letter before looking into the application therefor I cant see any point to try to agree with you. I believe this needs to be resolved at the hearing.

I have enclosed my cover letter, which has been submitted by the application.

Regards Aysen Ipek Kilic Licensing Consultant

> Dear all,

Please see Central east Police Licensings objection to the application for a premises license for Suvlaki Shoreditch 161 Brick Lane.

Kind Regards

Mark

PC Mark Perry Central East Licensing Unit Metro olitan Police Service (MPS)

Email

A: Licensing Office, 1st Floor Stoke Newington Police Station

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Section 182 Advice by the Home Office Updated on December 2022

Relevant, vexatious and frivolous representations

- 9.4 A representation is "relevant" if it relates to the likely effect of the grant of the licence on the promotion of at least one of the licensing objectives. For example, a representation from a local businessperson about the commercial damage caused by competition from new licensed premises would not be relevant. On the other hand, a representation by a businessperson that nuisance caused by new premises would deter customers from entering the local area, and the steps proposed by the applicant to prevent that nuisance were inadequate, would be relevant. In other words, representations should relate to the impact of licensable activities carried on from premises on the objectives. For representations in relation to variations to be relevant, they should be confined to the subject matter of the variation. There is no requirement for a responsible authority or other person to produce a recorded history of problems at premises to support their representations, and in fact this would not be possible for new premises.
- 9.5 It is for the licensing authority to determine whether a representation (other than a representation from responsible authority) is frivolous or vexatious on the basis of what might ordinarily be considered to be vexatious or frivolous. A representation may be considered to be vexatious if it appears to be intended to cause aggravation or annoyance, whether to a competitor or other person, without reasonable cause or justification. Vexatious circumstances may arise because of disputes between rival businesses and local knowledge will therefore be invaluable in considering such matters. Licensing authorities can consider the main effect of the representation, and whether any inconvenience or expense caused by it could reasonably be considered to be proportionate.
- 9.6 Frivolous representations would be essentially categorised by a lack of seriousness. Frivolous representations would concern issues which, at most, are minor and in relation to which no remedial steps would be warranted or proportionate.
- 9.7 Any person who is aggrieved by a rejection of their representations on either of these grounds may lodge a complaint through the local authority's corporate complaints procedure. A person may also challenge the authority's decision by way of judicial review.
- 9.8 Licensing authorities should not take decisions about whether representations are frivolous, vexatious or relevant to the licensing objectives on the basis of any political judgement. This may be difficult for councillors who receive complaints from residents within their own wards. If consideration is not to be delegated, contrary to the recommendation in this

Guidance, an assessment should be prepared by officials for consideration by the sub- committee before any decision is taken that necessitates a hearing. Any councillor who considers that their own interests are such that they are unable to consider the matter independently should disqualify themselves.

- 9.9 It is recommended that, in borderline cases, the benefit of the doubt about any aspect of a representation should be given to the person making that representation. The subsequent hearing would then provide an opportunity for the person or body making the representation to amplify and clarify it.
- 9.10 Licensing authorities should consider providing advice on their websites about how any person can make representations to them.

Prevention of Public Nuisance

- 9.1 Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can cause a range of nuisances impacting on people living, working or sleeping in the vicinity of the premises.
- 9.2 The concerns mainly relate to noise nuisance both from the premises and customer egress, light pollution, noxious smells and disruption from parked vehicles and due regard will be taken of the impact these may have in considering a licence. The Licensing Authority will expect Operating Schedules to satisfactorily address these issues. Applicants are advised to seek advice from the Council's Environmental Health Officers before preparing their plans and Schedules.
- 9.3 The Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will consider, where appropriate, attaching conditions to licences and permissions to prevent the problems identified in Section 18 of this Policy (Special Cumulative Impact Policy for the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Area), and these may include conditions drawn from the Model Pool of Conditions found in the Secretary of States Guidance.
- 9.4 **Street Furniture** placing of street furniture, which includes advertising boards, on the highway can cause a public nuisance by way of obstruction, or encourage consumption of alcohol on an unlicensed area. The Licensing Authority expects applicants to have ensured that they fully comply with the Councils rules relating to authorisation of obstructions on the highway, and that the required authorisations are obtained prior to submitting a licence application. Where proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will impose conditions in relation to street furniture, including on private land.
- 9.5 **Fly Posting** The Council has experienced problems with "fly posting" in relation to venues that offer entertainment. Fly posting is the unauthorised posting of posters / advertisements etc. Where it considers it proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will attach conditions relating to the control of fly posting to ensure that venues clearly prohibit all fly posting in their contract terms with others and they effectively enforce this control.

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Public nuisance

- 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.
- 2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community. such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

- 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Licensing Policy, updated November 2018

Crime and Disorder

- 7.1 Licensed premises, especially those offering late night / early morning entertainment, alcohol and refreshment for large numbers of people, can be a source of crime and disorder problems and to store prescribed information.
- 7.2 When addressing crime and disorder the applicant should initially identify any particular issues (having regard to their particular type of premises and / or activities) which are likely to adversely affect the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective. Such steps as are required to deal with these identified issues should be included within the applications operating schedule. Where the Metropolitan Police, acting as a responsible authority, makes recommendations in respect of an application relating to the licensing objectives the Licensing Authority would expect the applicant to incorporate these into their operating schedule.
- 7.3 Applicants are recommended to seek advice from Council Officers and the Police as well as taking into account, as appropriate, local planning and transport policies, with tourism, cultural and crime prevention strategies, when preparing their plans and Schedules.
- 7.4 In addition to the requirements for the Licensing Authority to promote the licensing objectives, it also has duties under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in the Borough and to share prescribed information.
- 7.5 The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will consider attaching Conditions to licences and permissions to deter and prevent crime and disorder both inside and immediately outside the premises and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Pool of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder given in the Secretary of State's Guidance.
- 7.6 **CCTV** The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will attach conditions to licences, as appropriate where the conditions reflect local crime prevention strategies, for example the provision of closed circuit television cameras.

7.7 **Touting** – This is soliciting for custom. There has been a historic problem with Touting in the borough, mainly in relation to restaurants, and as such in 2006 the Council introduced a byelaw under Section 235 of the Local Government Act 1972 for the good rule and government of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets and for the prevention and suppression of nuisances.

As a result, in relation to premises where there is intelligence that touting is, or has been carried out, the Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged will insert a standard condition that prohibits 'touting' as follows:-

- 1) No person shall be employed to solicit for custom or be permitted to solicit for custom for business for the premises in any public place within a 500 meters radius of the premises as shown edged red on the attached plan.(marked as Appendix -)
- 2) Clear Signage to be placed in the restaurant windows stating that the premises supports the Council's 'No Touting' policy.
- 7.8 **Responsible Drinking -** The Licensing Authority expects alcohol to be promoted in a responsible way in the Borough. This should incorporate relevant industry standards, such as the Portman Group Code of Practice. Where appropriate and proportionate, if its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will apply conditions to ensure responsible drinking. The Licensing Authority also recognises the positive contribution to best practice that "Pubwatch" and other similar schemes can make in promoting the licensing objectives and is committed to working with them.

Model Pool Conditions can be found in the Secretary of State's Guidance.

- 7.9 **Criminal Activity** There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which the Licensing Authority will treat particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
 - for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;
 - for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
 - for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;
 - for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;
 - for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
 - by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;

- as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks:
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;
- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

The Secretary State's Guidance states that it is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and this Licensing Authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence, even in the first instance, should be seriously considered.

- 7.10 In particular the Licensing Authority is mindful of the Secretary of State's Guidance "Reviews arising in connection with crime".
- 7.11 From 1 April 2017, businesses which sell alcohol (for example, retailers of alcohol and trade buyers) will need to ensure that the UK wholesalers that they buy alcohol from have been approved by HMRC under the Alcohol Wholesaler Registration Scheme (AWRS). They will need to check their wholesalers Unique Registration Number (URN) against the HMRC online database which will be available from April 2017. This is an ongoing obligation and if a business is found to have bought alcohol from an unapproved wholesaler, they may be liable to a penalty or could even face criminal prosecution and their alcohol stock may be seized. Any trader who buys alcohol from a wholesaler for onward sale to the general public (known as a 'trade buyer') does not need to register unless they sell alcohol to other businesses. Examples of trade buyers would be pubs, clubs, restaurants, cafes, retailers and hotels. However, they will need to check that the wholesaler they purchase alcohol from is registered with HMRC. Further information may be https://www.gov.uk/guidance/the-alcohol-wholesalerregistration-scheme-awrs.

Smuggled goods

- 7.12 The Licensing Authority will exercise its discretion to add a standard condition as follows:-
 - The premises licence holder and any other persons responsible for the purchase of stock shall not purchase any goods from door-todoor sellers other than from established traders who provide full receipts at the time of delivery to provide traceability.
 - 2) The premises licence holder shall ensure that all receipts for goods bought include the following details:
 - i. Seller's name and address
 - ii. Seller's company details, if applicable
 - iii. Seller's VAT details, if applicable
 - iv. Vehicle registration detail, if applicable
 - 3) Legible copies of the documents referred to in 2) shall be retained on the premises and made available to officers on request.
 - 4) The trader shall obtain and use a UV detection device to verify that duty stamps are valid.
 - 5) Where the trader becomes aware that any alcohol may be not duty paid they shall inform the Police of this immediately.

Olympic Park – Football Ground

- 7.13 Premises where Police intelligence shows that football supporters congregate within the borough should consider in their application form the following conditions:
 - 1) On Match Days for premises licensed for the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises:
 - a) Drinks shall only be supplied in polypropylene or similar plastic and all bottled drinks shall be poured into such drinking vessels before being handed to the customer. These should be made of recyclable materials.
 - b) Registered door staff shall be employed to control the entry and exits to the premises and to manage any licensed outside area(s).

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.2 In the exercise of their functions, licensing authorities should seek to cooperate with the Security Industry Authority ("SIA") as far as possible and consider adding relevant conditions to licences where appropriate. The SIA also plays an important role in preventing crime and disorder by ensuring that door supervisors are properly licensed and, in partnership with police and other agencies, that security companies are not being used as fronts for serious and organised criminal activity. This may include making specific enquiries or visiting premises through intelligence led operations in conjunction with the police, local authorities and other partner agencies. Similarly, the provision of requirements for door supervision may be appropriate to ensure that people who are drunk, drug dealers or people carrying firearms do not enter the premises and ensuring that the police are kept informed.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises (see paragraph 10.10). For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.4 The inclusion of radio links and ring-round phone systems should be considered an appropriate condition for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These systems allow managers of licensed premises to communicate instantly with the police and facilitate a rapid response to any disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.

- 2.5 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.
- 2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that evidence of a right to work check, either physical or digital (e.g. a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check or a clear copy of the online right to work check) are retained at the licensed premises.

Anti-Social Behaviour from Patrons Leaving the Premises

General Advice

Members need to bear in mind that once patrons have left a premises they are no longer under direct control. Members will need to be satisfied that there is a link between the way the premises is operating and the behaviour that is complained of. An example of this would be that irresponsible drinking is being encouraged. Before deciding that any particular licensing conditions are proportionate, Members will also need to be satisfied that other legislation is not a more effective route. For example, if the problem is drinking in the street it may be that the Council should designate the area as a place where alcohol cannot be consumed in public.

Members may also wish to consider whether the hours of opening relate to any problems of anti-social behaviour.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that other legislation or measures may be more appropriate but also states that licensing laws are "a key aspect of such control and will always be part of an overall approach to the management of the evening and night time economy" (see Section 4.15 and 4.16 of the Licensing Policy).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. (See Sections 6.2 of the Licensing Policy)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (**See Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy**). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- Bottle Bans
- Plastic containers
- CCTV (outside the premises)
- Restrictions on open containers for "off sales"
- Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage

Cumulative Impact

There is a process by which the Licensing Authority can determine that an area is saturated following representations. However, the process for this involves wide consultation and cannot come from representations about a particular application. (See Section 8 of the Licensing Policy).

Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public.

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The key role of the Police is acknowledged (2.1).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder, but can relate to the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (1.16).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (2.3) CCTV inside & out, communication, police liaison, no glasses are all relevant

There is also guidance issued around public nuisance (2.15 - 2.21).

The pool of conditions, adopted by the Council is recommended (see Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy). Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder (2.18/2.21).

Licensing law is not the primary mechanism for the general control of nuisance and anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are away from the licensed premises and, therefore, beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or authorisation concerned (14.13).

Other Legislation

Crime and Disorder Act 1998

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

The Act also introduced a wide range of measures designed to address antisocial behaviour committed by adults and young people. These include:

- Anti-Social Behaviour Orders
- Child Curfew Schemes

- Truancy
 Parenting Orders
 Reparation Orders
 Tackling Racism

Special Cumulative Impact Policy for the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Area

- 1. The Licensing Authority has adopted a special policy relating to cumulative impact in areas of:
 - Brick Lane
 - Bethnal Green

This special policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates which are likely to add to the existing cumulative impact will normally be refused following the receipt of representations, unless the applicant can demonstrate in the operation schedule that there will be no negative cumulative impacts with one or more of the licensing objectives.

2. The Council reviewed the Special Cumulative Impact Policy in 2021 and, following consultation, decided it was still of the opinion that the concentration of licensed premises within Brick Lane area was having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance. As part of the review in 2021, the Council also decided that the concentration of licensed premises within the Bethnal Green area was also having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance.

Review of Cumulative Impact Assessment - Supporting Evidence

- 3. In determining the Councils CIAs for the area of Brick Lane and Bethnal Green (Figures One and Two Below) the Council considered the following evidence:
 - Hot spot maps of incidents of crime and disorder and ASB linked to Licence premises in the defined areas for 2017 to 2020.
 - Complaint data from Environmental Health and Trading Standards relating to Noise and Licensing.
 - Licence Application data for the defined areas for 2017 to 2020
 - Results of the Consultation, that included Survey data and comments and written responses.

This evidence is published on our website:

http://democracy.towerhamlets.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=30 9&Mld=12361.

Cumulative Impact Assessments (Brick Lane and Bethnal Green)

- 4. The Licensing Authority is of the view that the number, type and density of premises selling/supplying alcohol for consumption on and off the premises and/or the provision of late night refreshment in the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Areas (highlighted in Figures One and Two below) is having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives. Therefore, it is likely that granting further licences would be inconsistent with the authority's duty to promote the licensing objectives. Thus, it has declared a cumulative impact assessment within these areas.
- 5. The Brick Lane and Bethnal Green CIAs aim to manage the negative cumulative impact of the concentration of licensed premises in these areas and the stresses that the saturation of licensed premises has had on the local amenity, environmental degradation and emergency and regulatory services in managing this impact.
- 6. The effect of this Special Cumulative Assessment Policy will apply to the following types of applications:
 - New Premises Licences applications,
 - New Club Premises Certificates applications
 - Provisional Statements,
 - Variation of Premises Licenses and Club Premises Certificate applications (where the modifications are relevant to the issue of cumulative impact for example increases in hours or capacity).

However, it will only apply where the application seeks to permit the Licensable activities of:

- the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on or off the premises, and/or.
- the provision of late night refreshment.
- 7. This Policy will be strictly applied and where relevant representations are received and it is the view of the Council that the application will be refused. Applicants will need to demonstrate that there are exceptional circumstances and that granting their application will not negatively add to the cumulative effect on the Licensing Objectives within the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green CIAs if they wish to rebut this presumption.
- 8. The Special Cumulative Impact policy creates a rebuttable presumption that where relevant representations are received by one or more of the responsible authorities and/or other persons against applications (Councillors, Members of the Public) within the CIA zones the application will be refused.
- 9. Where representations have been received in respect to applications within the CIA zones the onus is on the applicant to adequately rebut the presumption.

- 10. It must be stressed that the presumption created by this special policy does not relieve responsible authorities or other persons of the need to make a representation. If there are no representations, the licensing authority must grant the application in terms that are consistent with the operating schedule submitted in line with their delegated authority.
- 11. This special policy is not absolute and the Licensing Authority recognises that it has to balance the needs of businesses with local residents. The circumstances of each application will be considered on its merits and the Licensing Authority shall grant applications, when representations are not received. The applicant should demonstrated that the operation of the premises will not add to the cumulative impact on one or more of the following licensing objectives:
 - Prevention of Crime and Disorder;
 - Prevention of Public Nuisance.

Therefore, applicants will be expected to comprehensively demonstrate why a new or varied licence will not add to the cumulative impact. They are strongly advised to give consideration to mitigating potential cumulative impact issues when setting out steps they will take to promote the licensing objectives in their operating schedule.

12. The Special Cumulative Impact policy will not be used to revoke an existing licence or certificate and will not be applicable during the review of existing licences.

Possible exceptions to the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Cumulative Impact Assessments

- Applications for licences for small premises with a capacity of fifty persons or less who only intend to operate within framework hours, and that;
 - Only have consumption of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) on the premises only,
 - Only provide Off sales of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) for delivery (i.e. not for take away),
 and,
 - Have arrangements to prevent vertical drinking, for example fully seated venues;
- Applications for licences that are not alcohol led (e.g. Hairdressers wanting to provide alcohol to clients during their hair cut/treatments),
- Applications for licences where the applicant has recently surrendered a licence for another premises of a similar size and providing similar licensable activities in the same CIA Area.

Licensing Authority will **not** consider the following as possible exceptions:

- that the premises will be well managed and run,
- that the premises will be constructed to a high standard,
- that the applicant operates similar premises elsewhere without complaint.

The Cumulative Impact Assessment Areas for the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green

13. The Cumulative Impact Assessment Areas are detailed in the maps below.

Figure One

Brick Lane area:

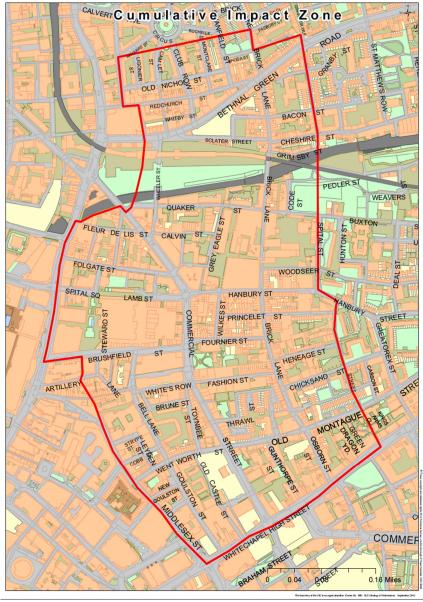
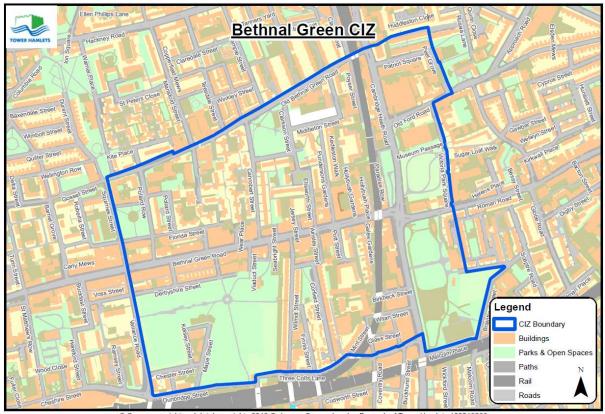
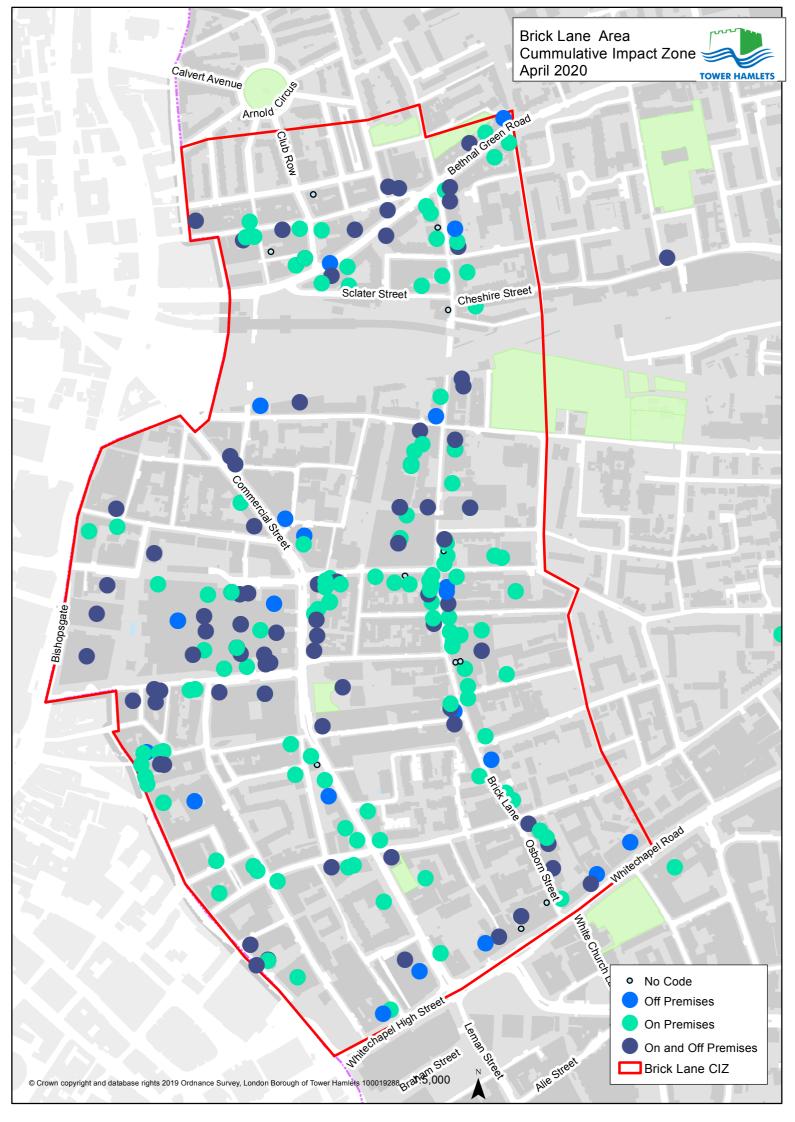


Figure Two:

Bethnal Green Area



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Licensing Policy Relating to Hours of Trading

All applications have to be considered on their own merits.

The Council has however adopted a set of framework hours as follows:

- Monday to Thursday, from 06:00 hrs to 23:30 hrs
- Friday and Saturday, from 06:00 hrs to 00:00 hrs (midnight)
- Sunday, from 06:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs

(see 14.8 of the Licensing Policy)

In considering the applicability of frame work hours to any particular application regard should be had to the following

- Location
- Proposed hours of regulated activities, and the proposed hours the premises are open to the public
- The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to deal with issues of crime and disorder and public nuisance
- Previous history
- Access to public transport
- Proximity to other licensed premises, and their hours

(See 14.9 of the licensing policy)

Subject to any representations to the contrary in individual cases the following premises are not generally considered to contribute to late night anti-social behaviour and will therefore generally have greater freedom

- Theatres
- Cinemas
- Premises with club premises certificates

Planning

An application for a Premises Licence can be made in respect of a premises even where the premises does not have relevant Planning Permission. That application has to be considered and Members can only refuse the application where the application itself does not promote one of more of the Licensing Objectives. Members cannot refuse just because there is no planning permission. Where a Premises Licence is granted and which exceeds what is allowed by the Planning Permission and that Premises then operates in breach of planning then the operator would be liable to enforcement by Planning.