

Tower Hamlets Application to vary a premises licence Licensing Act 2003

* required information

Section 1 of 18			
You can save the form at any time and resume it later. You do not need to be logged in when you resume.			
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.	
Your reference		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.	
Are you an agent acting on be • Yes • N	half of the applicant? No	Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.	
Applicant Details			
* First name	Virenkumar]	
* Family name	Patel]	
* E-mail]	
Main telephone number		Include country code.	
Other telephone number]	
Indicate here if the applicant would prefer not to be contacted by telephone			
Is the applicant:			
Applying as a business of the second seco	A sole trader is a business owned by one		
 Applying as an individual 		person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.	

Continued from previous page			
Address			
* Building number or name]	
* Street]	
District]	
* City or town]	
County or administrative area]	
* Postcode			
* Country	United Kingdom]	
Agent Details			
* First name	ADM Training]	
* Family name	Services]	
* E-mail			
Main telephone number		Include country code.	
Other telephone number]	
🛛 Indicate here if you wou	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone		
Are you:			
 An agent that is a busing 	ess or organisation, including a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure.	
 A private individual acting as an agent 			
Agent Business			
Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	∩ Yes ● No	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.	
Is your business registered outside the UK?	○ Yes		
Business name	ADM Training Services	If your business is registered, use its registered name.	
VAT number -	none	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.	
Legal status	Sole Trader]	
Your position in the business]	
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.	

Continued from previous page		
Agent Business Address		If you have one, this should be your official
Building number or name		address - that is an address required of you by law for receiving communications.
Street		
District		
City or town		
County or administrative area		
Postcode		
Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 18		
APPLICATION DETAILS		
vary substantially the premi	sed to vary the licence so as to extend the pe ses to which it relates. If you wish to make th nises licence application under section 17 of	at type of change to the premises licence,
	ing the premises licence holder, apply to vary a mises described in section 2 below.	premises licence under section 34 of the
* Premises Licence Number	149675	
Are you able to provide a post	al address, OS map reference or description of t	he premises?
Address O S ma	p reference O Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	32-34	
Street	Ellesmere Street	
District		
City or town	London	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	E14 6BA	
Country	United Kingdom	
Premises Contact Details		
Telephone number		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)		
Section 3 of 18		
VARIATION		

Continued from previous page			
	Do you want the proposed variation to have effect as soon as possible?		
● Yes ○ No			
Do you want the proposed variation to have effect in relation to the introduction of the late night levy?			
● Yes ○ No	You do not have to pay a fee if the only purpose of the variation for which you are applying is to avoid becoming liable to the late night levy.		
If your proposed variation would mean that 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, state the number expected to attend			
Describe Briefly The Nature Of The Proposed Variation			
Describe the premises. For example the type of premises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant to the licensing objectives. Where your application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for consumption of these off-supplies, you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the premises.			
Extension of hours for the sale of alcohol by retail to be consumed off the premises.			
Section 4 of 18			
PROVISION OF PLAYS			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide plays be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
○ Yes			
Section 5 of 18			
PROVISION OF FILMS			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide films be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
○ Yes			
Section 6 of 18			
PROVISION OF INDOOR SPORTING EVENTS			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			

Continued from previous page			
Will the schedule to provide indoor sporting events be subject to change if			
this application to vary is successful?			
⊖ Yes			
Section 7 of 18			
PROVISION OF BOXING OR WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide boxing or wrestling entertainments be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
⊖ Yes ● No			
Section 8 of 18			
PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide live music be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
⊖ Yes ● No			
Section 9 of 18			
PROVISION OF RECORDED MUSIC			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide recorded music be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
⊖ Yes			
Section 10 of 18			
PROVISION OF PERFORMANCES OF DANCE			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide performances of dance be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
○ Yes ● No			
Section 11 of 18			
PROVISION OF ANYTHING OF A SIMILAR DESCRIPTION TO LIVE MUSIC, RECORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF DANCE			
See guidance on regulated entertainment			
Will the schedule to provide anything similar to live music, recorded music or performances of dance be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?			
○ Yes			
Section 12 of 18			
PROVISION OF LATE NIGHT REFRESHMENT			

Continued from previous page					
Will the schedule to provide late night refreshment be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?					
⊖ Yes		No			
Section 13 of 18					
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL					
Will the schedule to sup vary is successful?	oply alc	oho l be subje	ect to change if this ap	plication to	
Yes		O No			
Standard Days And Ti	mings				
MONDAY					Provide timings in 24 hour clock
	Start	08:00	End	01:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start		End		of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY					
	Start	08:00	End	01:00]
	Start		End]
WEDNESDAY					
	Start	08:00	End	01:00	
	Start		End		
THURSDAY					-
	Start	08:00	End	01:00	
	Start		End		
FRIDAY					,
	Start	08:00	End	01:00]
	Start		End		
SATURDAY					-
	Start	08:00	End	01:00]
	Start		End		
SUNDAY					
	Start	08:00	End	01:00	
	Start		End]

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Continued from previous page				
Will the sale of alcoho	be for consumption?			
 On the premises 	 Off the p 	oremises 🔿 E	Both	If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.
State any seasonal var	iations.			
For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.				
n/a				
Non-standard timings list below.	. Where the premises v	vill be used for the	e supply of alcoh	ol at different times from those listed above,
For example (but not e	exclusively), where you	wish the activity	to go on longer o	on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
n/a				
Section 14 of 18				
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ADULT ENTERTAINM	ENT			
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult er			ner entertainmen	t or matters ancillary to the use of the
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res	pect of children. d to occur at the p gardless of wheth	premises or ancill her you intend chi	t or matters ancillary to the use of the ary to the use of the premises which may ildren to have access to the premises, for ups etc gambling machines etc.
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res	pect of children. d to occur at the p gardless of wheth	premises or ancill her you intend chi	ary to the use of the premises which may Idren to have access to the premises, for
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in example (but not excl	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res	pect of children. d to occur at the p gardless of wheth	premises or ancill her you intend chi	ary to the use of the premises which may Idren to have access to the premises, for
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ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in example (but not excl n/a Section 15 of 18 HOURS PREMISES AR Standard Days And T	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res usively) nudity or semi-	pect of children. d to occur at the gardless of wheth nudity, films for n	premises or ancill her you intend chi	Provide timings in 24 hour clock (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in example (but not excl n/a Section 15 of 18 HOURS PREMISES AR Standard Days And T	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res usively) nudity or semi-	pect of children. d to occur at the gardless of wheth nudity, films for n	premises or ancill ner you intend chi restricted age gro	ary to the use of the premises which may ildren to have access to the premises, for oups etc gambling machines etc.
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in example (but not excl n/a Section 15 of 18 HOURS PREMISES AR Standard Days And T	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res usively) nudity or semi- E OPEN TO THE PUBL Timings Start 08:00	pect of children. d to occur at the gardless of wheth nudity, films for n	premises or ancill rer you intend chi restricted age gro	Provide timings in 24 hour clock (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days of the week when you intend the premises
ADULT ENTERTAINM Highlight any adult en premises that may giv Provide information a give rise to concern in example (but not excl n/a Section 15 of 18 HOURS PREMISES AR Standard Days And T MONDAY	tertainment or service e rise to concern in res bout anything intende respect of children, res usively) nudity or semi- E OPEN TO THE PUBL Timings Start 08:00	pect of children. d to occur at the gardless of wheth nudity, films for n IC	premises or ancill rer you intend chi restricted age gro	Provide timings in 24 hour clock (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days of the week when you intend the premises

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WEDNESDAY			
	Start 08:00	End 01:00	
	Start	End	
THURSDAY			
	Start 08:00	End 01:00	
	Start	End	
FRIDAY			
	Start 08:00	End 01:00	
	Start	End	
SATURDAY			
	Start 08:00	End 01:00	
	Start	End	
SUNDAY			
	Start 08:00	End 01:00	
	Start	End	
State any seasonal varia	ations.		
For example (but not ex	clusively) where the activity will occ	ur on additional days during the summer months.	
n/a			
Non standard timings	Nhoro you intend to use the promise	or to be open to the members and quests at different times from	
those listed above, list l		es to be open to the members and guests at different times from	
For example (but not ex	clusively), where you wish the activ	ity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.	
n/a			
Identify those conditions currently imposed on the licence which you believe could be removed as a consequence of the proposed variation you are seeking.			
n/a			
☐ I have enclosed th	ne premises licence		

Continued from previous page
I have enclosed the relevant part of the premises licence
Reasons why I have failed to enclose the premises licence or relevant part of premises licence.
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LICENSING OBJECTIVES
Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:
a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)
List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.
Current objectives remain.
b) The prevention of crime and disorder
In addition to current objectives contained within licence: labels on cans and bottles with name and address of premises, CCTV outside front of premises, personal licence holder onsite at premises at all times, no strong beers above 7%.
c) Public safety
Current objectives remain.
d) The prevention of public nuisance
Current objectives remain.
e) The protection of children from harm
Current objectives remain.
Section 17 of 18
NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT

Continued from previous page...

In terms of specific regulated entertainments please note that:

- Plays: no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- Films: no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- Indoor sporting events: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment: no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- Live music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
- Recorded Music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

Continued from previous page...

- Dance: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500. However, a performance which amounts to adult entertainment remains licensable.
- Cross activity exemptions: no licence is required between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, with no limit on audience size for:
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the local authority where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the local authority;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the hospital premises of the health care provider where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the health care provider;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the school where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the school proprietor; and
 - any entertainment (excluding films and a boxing or wrestling entertainment) taking place at a travelling circus, provided that (a) it takes place within a moveable structure that accommodates the audience, and (b) that the travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

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PAYMENT DETAILS

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Variation Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/ business_rates/index.htm Band A - No RV to £4300 £100.00

Band B - £4301 to £33000 £190.00

Band C - £33001 to £8700 £315.00

Band D - £87001 to £12500 £450.00*

Band E - £125001 and over £635.00*

*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Band D - £87001 to £12500 £900.00

Band E - £125001 and over £1,905.00

If you own a large premise you are subject to additional fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time Capacity 5000-9999 £1,000.00

Capacity 10000 - 14999 £2,000.00

Capacity 15000-19999 £4,000.00

Capacity 20000-29999 £8,000.00

Capacity 30000-39000 £16,000.00

Capacity 40000-49999 £24,000.00

Capacity 50000-59999 £32,000.00

Capacity 60000-69999 £40,000.00 Capacity 70000-79999 £48,000.00

Capacity 80000-89999 £56,000.00

Capacity 90000 and over £64,000.00

NOTE: From 1st January 2018 Licences if you are granted a Licence to permit the sale/supply of alcohol between midnight and 6am (00:00 and 06:00 hours) on any day you will be liable to pay the Late Night Levy charge. The charge must be paid 14 days after the grant of your Licence, unless you fall within one of the exemption categories. Non-payment of the levy can result in suspension of your licence, as per sections 55A and 92A of the Licensing Act 2003, as amended and section 229(6) of the Police and Social Responsibility Act 2011. For more information below visit https://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/ latenightlevy

* Fee amount (£)

190.00

DECLARATION

Continued from previous page				
I/WE UNDERSTAND THAT IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE * STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.				
\boxtimes Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration				
This section should be comple behalf of the applicant?"	eted by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on			
* Full name	ADM Training Services			
* Capacity	Agent			
* Date	12 / 09 / 2023 dd mm yyyy			
	Add another signatory			
Once you're finished you need to do the following: 1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as 2. Go back to https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/tower-hamlets/change-1 to upload this file and continue with your application. Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.				
IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.				
OFFICE USE ONLY				
Applicant reference number				
Fee paid				
Payment provider reference				
ELMS Payment Reference				
Payment status				
Payment authorisation code				
Payment authorisation date				
Payment authorisation date Date and time submitted				
Date and time submitted				
Date and time submitted Approval deadline				
Date and time submitted Approval deadline Error message				
Date and time submitted Approval deadline				



(Spar) 32-34 Ellesmere Street London E14 6BA

Licensable Activities authorised by the licence

The sale by retail of alcohol

See the attached licence for the licence conditions

Signed by

David Tolley Environmen



Date: 4th November 2019



Part A - Format of premises licence

Premises licence number

149675

Part 1 - Premises details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description

32-34 Ellesmere Street

Post town	Post code	
London	E14 6BA	
Telephone number		
000		

020

Where the licence is time limited the dates N/A

Licensable activities authorised by the licence

The sale by retail of alcohol

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Monday to Sunday 08:00 hours to 23:00 hours

The opening hours of the premises

Monday to Sunday 08:00 hours to 23:00 hours

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/ or off supplies

Off sales only

Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence



Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

Not Applicable

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Virenkumar Patel

Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Issuing Authority -Personal Licence Number -

Annex 1 - Mandatory conditions

No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence-

- a) at a time where there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
- b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended

Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence

3.

- (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy
- (3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either— (a)a holographic mark, or (b)an ultraviolet feature.
- 5. 1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.
 - 2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1—
 - (a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979;
 - (b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula P = D + (D x V)

where —

- (i) **P** is the permitted price
- (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and
- (iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;
- (c)"relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence
 - (i) the holder of the premises licence

- (ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or
- (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence
- (d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member prevent the supply in question; and
- (e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994
- 3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.
- 4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax
 - (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day

Annex 2 - Conditions consistent with the operating Schedule

- 1. The premises shall install and maintain a comprehensive CCTV system as per the minimum requirements of the Tower Hamlets Police Licensing Team. All entry and exit points will be covered enabling frontal identification of every person entering in any light condition. The CCTV system shall continually record whilst the premises is open for licensable activities and during all times when customers remain on the premises. All recordings shall be stored for a minimum period of 31 days with date and time stamping. Viewing of recordings shall be made available immediately upon the request of Police or authorised officer throughout the entire 31 day period.
- 2. A staff member from the premises who is conversant with the operation of the CCTV system shall be on the premises at all times when the premises are open. This staff member must be able to provide a Police or authorised council officer copies of recent CCTV images or data with the absolute minimum of delay when requested.
- 3. A Challenge 25 proof of age scheme shall be operated at the premises where the only acceptable forms of identification are recognised photographic identification cards, such as a driving licence, passport or proof of age card with the PASS Hologram.

- 4. Staff training will be given on induction and at six monthly intervals thereafter. Written training record will be kept for employees.
- The premises will keep strong management controls and train all staff so they are aware of the licence and its requirement. In particular:
 - a) No service of alcohol to underage people.
 - b) Being vigilant to prevent disorderly behaviour.
- 6. The premises will actively engage with and work with the police safer neighbourhoods' team.
- 7. A record shall be kept detailing all refused sales of alcohol. The record should include the date and time of the refused sale and the name of the member of staff who refused the sale. The record shall be available for inspection at the premises by the police or an authorised officer at all times whilst the premises is open.
- 8. Emergency light will be installed and fire extinguisher will be installed. The fire exit is free of any impediment or obstacle at all time of the operating hours.
- 9. An incident log shall be kept at the premises, and made available on request to an authorised officer of the City Council or the Police, which will record the following:
 - (a) all crimes reported to the venue
 - (b) all ejections of patrons
 - (c) any complaints received regards crime and disorder
 - (d) any incidents of disorder
 - (e) seizures of drugs or offensive weapons
 - (f) any refusal of the sale of alcohol

Annex 3 - Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority

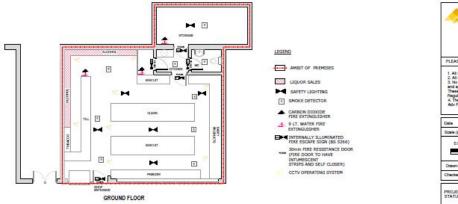
Not applicable

Annex 4 - Plans

The plans are those submitted to the licensing authority on the following date:

30th September 2019

Shop Floor Plan





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Part B - Premises licence summary

Premises licence number

149675

Premises details

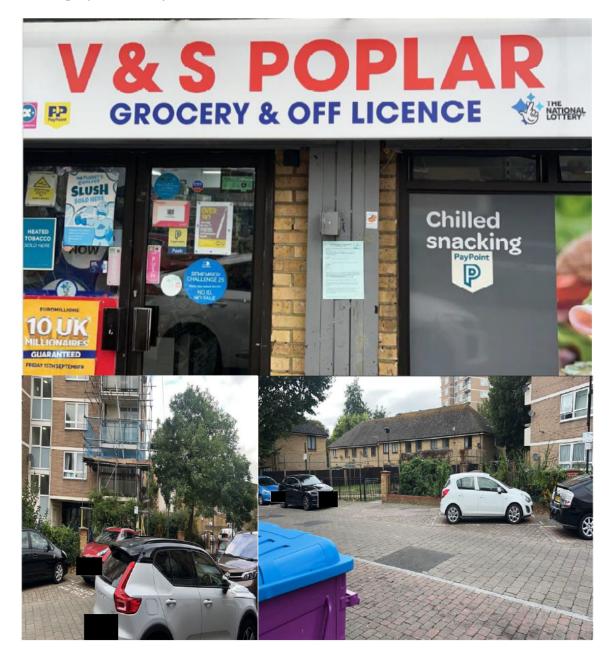
Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description				
(Spar) 32-34 Ellesmere Street				
Post town London	Post code E14 6BA			
Telephone number 020				
Where the licence is time limited the dates N/A				
Licensable activities authorised by the licence		The sale by retail of alcohol		
The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities		Monday to Sunday 08:00 hours to 23:00 hours		
The opening hours of the premises		Monday to Sunday 08:00 hours to 23:00 hours		

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence	Virenkumar Patel
Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies	Off sales only
Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)	Not applicable
Name of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol	Virenkumar Patel
State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited	No restrictions

Map of surrounding area – 32-34 Ellesmere Street



Photographs of the premises – 32-34 Ellesmere Street



ADDRESS	LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES	OPENING HOURS
(Denni's Off Licence) 103 Brabazon Street London E14 6BL (Premises currently suspended)	 The sale by retail of alcohol (Off sales only) Monday to Saturday, from 08:00 hrs to 23:00 hrs Sunday, from 10:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs Non-standard timings On Christmas Day, from 12:00 hrs to 15:00 hrs and 19:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs On Good Friday, from 08:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs 	There are no restrictions on the hours during which this premises is open to the public
(Select Convenience) Unit 2 New festival Quarter Upper North Street London E14 6FY	 Sale by retail of alcohol Monday to Sunday, from 08:00 hours to 22:00 hours 	 Monday to Sunday, from 06:00 hours to 23:00 hours

From:	Licensing
То:	Lavine Miller-Johnson
Subject:	FW: Premise Variation : change the time
Date:	09 October 2023 12:23:50

From: Tahsinulfarhan

Sent: Saturday, October 7, 2023 5:37 PM
To: Licensing <Licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk>
Subject: Premise Variation : change the time

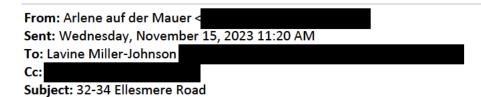
Address: Name: Tahsinul Farhan

Hello,

I am writing to say that if VNS Poplar Ltd want to change their hours I do not agree. This is because their closing time now being 10pm is already a bit disturbing as it gets very noisy and this is a problem as our rooms are located right above the shop. We can already not sleep before 10pm due to the noise and if they extend the time it will become a very big problem for us. I have to wake up at around 3-4am for work and my children have to also wake up early for school. This means we have to sleep a bit early. Please consider our circumstances and that if they keep the shop open for longer it will be very difficult to live here. Thanks

Lavine Miller-Johnson

Subject: FW: 32-34 Ellesmere Road



Dear Lavine,

I am writing with reference to the objection for a premises licence variation for the above address. I have discussed this matter with Viren, my client.

He believes that there will be no issue with increased noise emanating from, or related to his premises due to his longer opening hours. There is no noise now and no complaints have been made.

The only noise that already exists, is from the adjacent building, where the objector resides, due to persons(customers) constantly coming and going at various hours. Apparently the neighbours have made complaints, but the matter has not been resolved.

My client states that his customers are happy with the extended hours and he will ask them to sign a petition in regard to supporting his application.

Regards,

Arlene

Section 182 Advice by the Home Office Updated on August 2023

Relevant, vexatious and frivolous representations

- 9.4 A representation is "relevant" if it relates to the likely effect of the grant of the licence on the promotion of at least one of the licensing objectives. For example, a representation from a local businessperson about the commercial damage caused by competition from new licensed premises would not be relevant. On the other hand, a representation by a businessperson that nuisance caused by new premises would deter customers from entering the local area, and the steps proposed by the applicant to prevent that nuisance were inadequate, would be relevant. In other words, representations should relate to the impact of licensable activities carried on from premises on the objectives. For representations in relation to variations to be relevant, they should be confined to the subject matter of the variation. There is no requirement for a responsible authority or other person to produce a recorded history of problems at premises to support their representations, and in fact this would not be possible for new premises.
- 9.5 It is for the licensing authority to determine whether a representation (other than a representation from responsible authority) is frivolous or vexatious on the basis of what might ordinarily be considered to be vexatious or frivolous. A representation may be considered to be vexatious if it appears to be intended to cause aggravation or annoyance, whether to a competitor or other person, without reasonable cause or justification. Vexatious circumstances may arise because of disputes between rival businesses and local knowledge will therefore be invaluable in considering such matters. Licensing authorities can consider the main effect of the representation, and whether any inconvenience or expense caused by it could reasonably be considered to be proportionate.
- 9.6 Frivolous representations would be essentially categorised by a lack of seriousness. Frivolous representations would concern issues which, at most, are minor and in relation to which no remedial steps would be warranted or proportionate.
- 9.7 Any person who is aggrieved by a rejection of their representations on either of these grounds may lodge a complaint through the local authority's corporate complaints procedure. A person may also challenge the authority's decision by way of judicial review.
- 9.8 Licensing authorities should not take decisions about whether representations are frivolous, vexatious or relevant to the licensing objectives on the basis of any political judgement. This may be difficult for councillors who receive complaints from residents within their own wards.

If consideration is not to be delegated, contrary to the recommendation in this Guidance, an assessment should be prepared by officials for consideration by the sub- committee before any decision is taken that necessitates a hearing. Any councillor who considers that their own interests are such that they are unable to consider the matter independently should disqualify themselves.

- 9.9 It is recommended that, in borderline cases, the benefit of the doubt about any aspect of a representation should be given to the person making that representation. The subsequent hearing would then provide an opportunity for the person or body making the representation to amplify and clarify it.
- 9.10 Licensing authorities should consider providing advice on their websites about how any person can make representations to them.

Licensing Policy Section 11

Prevention of Public Nuisance

- 11.1 Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can cause a range of nuisances impacting on people living, working or sleeping in the vicinity of the premises.
- 11.2 Like many London boroughs, Tower Hamlets has may areas of the borough where businesses and residents are "cheek by jowl" with each other. Thus, the correct balance needs to be adopted ensuring residents are not unduly disturbed by licensed premises, whilst ensuring this does not stifle growth in the licence trade.
- 11.3 Though all licensed premises must promote the licensing objectives, and thus actively try to prevent public nuisance being caused by their licensable activities, there are some factors that this Licensing Authority would expect to applicants to consider and where appropriate address in their operating schedule. These are:
 - a) Music/performances

Measures to reduce impact of noise on residents

b) Queue management

Measure to prevent obstruct access to properties, pavements. Measure to reduce the impact of people noise on residents

- c) Ingress and Egress
 Measure to prevent people noise during ingress and egress
- d) Use of outside areas (see 11.7 below)
- e) Deliveries, particularly pick-ups by vehicles Measures to prevent noise/fumes from engines, drivers (including smoking),
- f) Bottle disposal
 Done at reasonable time to prevent impact on residents e.g. between 8am and 8pm
- g) Litter

Measures to prevent littering around the venue from patrons

- 11.4 The Licensing Authority appreciates that it would not be necessary or appropriate for all applications to have measures to prevent the above issues. Nevertheless, we will take a strong view on applications for licences that are in close proximity to residential premises, and whose indented use has a higher likelihood of causing public nuisance. This also includes those applications in areas covered by a Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA). Especially where the applications falls outside the scope of any exceptions to such CIAs.
- 11.5 The Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will consider, where appropriate, attaching conditions to licences and permissions to prevent the

problems identified listed above, or any other conditions it considered appropriate and proportionate to promote the licensing condition of prevention of public nuisance.

- 11.6 **Street Furniture** placing of street furniture, which includes advertising boards, on the highway can cause a public nuisance by way of obstruction or encourage consumption of alcohol on an unlicensed area. The Licensing Authority expects applicants to have ensured that they fully comply with the Councils rules relating to authorisation of obstructions on the highway, and that the required authorisations are obtained prior to submitting a licence application. Where proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will impose conditions in relation to street furniture, including on private land.
- 11.7 **Fly Posting** The Council has experienced problems with "fly posting" in relation to venues that offer entertainment. Fly posting is the unauthorised posting of posters / advertisements etc. Where it considers it proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will attach conditions relating to the control of fly posting to ensure that venues clearly prohibit all fly posting in their contract terms with others and they effectively enforce this control.
- 11.8 **Beer Gardens and outside areas** since the ending of the restrictions imposed during the Coronavirus pandemic, we have seen an increase the use of outside areas. This has also been encouraged by Government under the Business and Planning Act 2020. We want to strike the right balance between allowing businesses to thrive whilst still protecting residents of the borough being unduly disturbed by the night time economy. Hence, we would encourage applicants address this concern in their operating schedule by detailing what mitigating measures they intend adopt to reduce any disturbance the use of the outside area is likely to have on neighbouring residents. Such measures could include:
 - limiting the amount of patrons permitted in the outside area, and/or,
 - restricting the use of areas after a certain time,
 - ceasing its use after a certain time.

Where disturbance of residents from outside areas is likely, and where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add conditions limiting the numbers of person permitted to use any outside areas, and/or seek to cease the use of any outside areas after 21:00 hours.

11.9 **Party Boats** – An increasing number of complaints have been received in London Boroughs that boarder the River Thames in relation to "Party Boats", which use the River. In respect of this we would encourage applicants for Party Boats to consider adopting the "Boat" conditions, listed in our Model Conditions in Appendix 3, where appropriate to promote the Licensing Objective of Prevention of Public Nuisance. Furthermore, where disturbance of residence from these party boats is likely, and where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add one or more of the boat conditions from our Model Conditions.

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Public nuisance

- 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.
- 2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

- 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Licensing Policy Section 9

Crime and Disorder

- 7.1 Licensed premises, especially those offering late night / early morning entertainment, alcohol and refreshment for large numbers of people, can be a source of crime and disorder problems and to store prescribed information.
- 7.2 When addressing crime and disorder the applicant should initially identify any particular issues (having regard to their particular type of premises and / or activities) which are likely to adversely affect the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective. The applicant should also list such steps that are required to deal with these identified issues. Both risks and mitigating steps should be included within the applications operating schedule. Where the Metropolitan Police, acting as a responsible authority, makes recommendations in respect of an application relating to the licensing objectives the Licensing Authority would expect the applicant to incorporate these into their operating schedule.
- 7.3 Applicants are recommended to seek advice from Council Officers and the Police as well as taking into account, as appropriate, local planning and transport policies, with tourism, cultural and crime prevention strategies, when preparing their plans and Schedules.
- 7.4 In addition to the requirements for the Licensing Authority to promote the licensing objectives, it also has duties under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in the Borough and to share prescribed information.
- 7.5 The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will consider attaching Conditions to licences and permissions to deter and prevent crime and disorder both inside and immediately outside the premises and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Conditions in Appendix 3.
- 7.6 **CCTV** The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will attach conditions to licences, as appropriate where the conditions reflect local crime prevention strategies, for example the provision of closed circuit television cameras.
- 7.7 **Touting –** This is soliciting for custom. There has been a historic problem with Touting in the borough, mainly in relation to restaurants, and as such in 2006 the Council introduced a byelaw under Section 235 of the Local Government Act 1972 for the good rule and government of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets and for the prevention and suppression of nuisances.

As a result, in relation to premises where there is intelligence that touting is, or has been carried out, the Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will insert a conditions from our model conditions in appendix 3, to prohibit 'touting':-

- 7.8 **Responsible Drinking -** The Licensing Authority expects alcohol to be promoted in a responsible way in the Borough. This should incorporate relevant industry standards, such as the Portman Group Code of Practice. Where appropriate and proportionate, if its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will apply conditions to ensure responsible drinking. The Licensing Authority also recognises the positive contribution to best practice that "Pubwatch" and other similar schemes can make in promoting the licensing objectives and is committed to working with them.
- 7.9 **Psychoactive Substances, e.g. Nitrous Oxide (NOx) –** Misuse of nitrous oxide is associated with increased antisocial behaviour including littering, noise nuisance and vandalism, all of which are detrimental to residents' quality of life and feelings of safety. Use of nitrous oxide is also a health concern and has other associated harms.

As a result, this Licensing Authority expects Licence Holders to refuse entry to any person seen use or selling NOx as a psychoactive Substance. Refusals should also be entered into Licence Holders refusals logs.

Where its discretion is engaged this Licensing Authority impose conditions to formally require refusal of persons seen selling or using NOx as a psychoactive Substance.

7.10 **Drinks spiking** – in reference to the Local Governments Association (LGA) Guidance note on drink spiking prevention, this Licensing Authority expects licence holders and applicants to have a zero-tolerance policy towards drinks spiking. This involves as a minimum ensuring all reports of spiking are acted upon and that all incidents of alleged spiking are recorded and reported to the police. Licence holders and applicants should also be aware of the Metropolitan Police's definition of drink spiking:

"Spiking is where someone adds drugs or alcohol to another person's drink without them knowing, it is illegal."

The LGA has set some recommendations for Licence holder, and we would expect our Licence holders to follow these where appropriate to their venues:

https://www.local.gov.uk/publications/lga-guidance-note-drink-spikingprevention#recommended-actions-for-licensed-premises-

Applicants for new and variations of exiting licences as well as those submitting TENs are expected to work with the Metropolitan Police in order to consider actions needed to prevent drinks spiking in their venues/events

Where its discretion is engaged this Licensing Authority will impose conditions on licences aimed at preventing drinks spiking, specifically any recommended by the metropolitan police.

- 7.11 Welfare and Vulnerability This Licensing Authority believes that all Licensed venues should train their staff in Welfare and Vulnerability Engagement (WAVE). As of 2023 this Licensing Authority in partnership with the Metropolitan Police and the London Borough of Hackney is delivering monthly WAVE training sessions for Licensed venues within both Tower Hamlets and Hackney. As a result, we expect that all Licensed venues who sell alcohol for consumption on their premises should train their staff in WAVE and adopt Ask for Angela or similar initiatives aimed at assisting vulnerability within alcohol licensed venues.
- 7.12 **Sexual Harassment in the Night Time Economy** sadly this is still an issues for women working in and visiting licensed venues in London. As a result, this Licensing Authority encourages Licensed venues to sign up to the Mayor of London's Women's Night Safety Charter:

https://www.london.gov.uk/programmes-strategies/arts-and-culture/24-hourlondon/womens-night-safety-charter

As well as the Women's Night Safety Charter we would encourage applicants and licence holders to discuss applications with the Council's Violence Against Women and Girls Service, who can provide advice and training to venues on preventing misogyny within licensed premises.

Lastly, we expect Licence Holders to take a zero-tolerance approach to misogyny within their venues where this is towards customers or employees. We would expect licence holders to refuse to serve persons who commit acts of sexual harassment, even in the first instance, and report the matter to the Metropolitan Police.

- 7.13 **Party Boats** An increasing number of complaints have been received in London Boroughs that boarder the River Thames in relation to "Party Boats", which use the River. In respect of this we would encourage applicants for Party Boats to consider adopting the conditions listed in our Model Conditions in Appendix 3, where appropriate to promote the Licensing Objective of Prevention of Crime and Disorder. Furthermore, where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add one or more of the boat conditions from our Model Conditions.
- 7.14 **Criminal Activity** There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which the Licensing Authority will treat particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
 - for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;
 - for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
 - for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;
 - for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;

- for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
- by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
- as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;
- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

The Secretary State's Guidance states that it is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and this Licensing Authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence, even in the first instance, should be seriously considered.

- 7.15 The Licensing Authority is mindful of the Secretary of State's Guidance "Reviews arising in connection with crime".
- From 1 April 2017, businesses which sell alcohol (for example, retailers of 7.16 alcohol and trade buyers) will need to ensure that the UK wholesalers that they buy alcohol from have been approved by HMRC under the Alcohol Wholesaler Registration Scheme (AWRS). They will need to check their wholesalers Unique Registration Number (URN) against the HMRC online database which will be available from April 2017. This is an ongoing obligation and if a business is found to have bought alcohol from an unapproved wholesaler, they may be liable to a penalty or could even face criminal prosecution and their alcohol stock may be seized. Any trader who buys alcohol from a wholesaler for onward sale to the general public (known as a 'trade buyer') does not need to register unless they sell alcohol to other businesses. Examples of trade buyers would be pubs, clubs, restaurants, cafes, retailers, and hotels. However, they will need to check that the wholesaler they purchase alcohol from is registered with HMRC. Further information may be found at: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/the-alcoholwholesaler-registration-scheme-awrs.
- 7.17 **Smuggled Goods** The Licensing Authority will exercise its discretion to add conditions to licence where appropriate and proportionate to reduce the risk of receiving smuggled goods and encourage traceability.
- 7.18 **Olympic Park (Football Ground)** Premises where Police intelligence shows that football supporters congregate within the borough should consider adding the Olympic Park Football Ground conditions in our Model Conditions in appendix 3.

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.2 In the exercise of their functions, licensing authorities should seek to cooperate with the Security Industry Authority ("SIA") as far as possible and consider adding relevant conditions to licences where appropriate. The SIA also plays an important role in preventing crime and disorder by ensuring that door supervisors are properly licensed and, in partnership with police and other agencies, that security companies are not being used as fronts for serious and organised criminal activity. This may include making specific enquiries or visiting premises through intelligence led operations in conjunction with the police, local authorities and other partner agencies. Similarly, the provision of requirements for door supervision may be appropriate to ensure that people who are drunk, drug dealers or people carrying firearms do not enter the premises and ensuring that the police are kept informed.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises (see paragraph 10.10). For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.4 The inclusion of radio links and ring-round phone systems should be considered an appropriate condition for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These systems allow managers of licensed premises to communicate instantly with the police and facilitate a rapid response to any disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.

- 2.5 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.
- 2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that evidence of a right to work check, either physical or digital (e.g. a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check or a clear copy of the online right to work check) are retained at the licensed premises.

Anti-Social Behaviour from Patrons Leaving the Premises

General Advice

Members need to bear in mind that once patrons have left a premises they are no longer under direct control. Members will need to be satisfied that there is a link between the way the premises is operating and the behaviour that is complained of. An example of this would be that irresponsible drinking is being encouraged. Before deciding that any particular licensing conditions are proportionate, Members will also need to be satisfied that other legislation is not a more effective route. For example, if the problem is drinking in the street it may be that the Council should designate the area as a place where alcohol cannot be consumed in public.

Members may also wish to consider whether the hours of opening relate to any problems of anti-social behaviour.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that other legislation or measures may be more appropriate but also states that licensing laws are "a key aspect of such control and will always be part of an overall approach to the management of the evening and night time economy" (see Section 5.14 and 5.15 of the Licensing Policy).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. (See Sections 9.2 of the Licensing Policy)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and may be draw from the Model Conditions in **Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy**. In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- Bottle Bans
- Plastic containers
- CCTV (outside the premises)
- Restrictions on open containers for "off sales"
- Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage

Cumulative Impact

There is a process by which the Licensing Authority can determine that an area is saturated following representations. However, the process for this involves wide consultation and cannot come from representations about a particular application. (See Section 20 of the Licensing Policy).

Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public.

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The key role of the Police is acknowledged (2.1).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder, but can relate to the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (1.16).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (2.3) CCTV inside & out, communication, police liaison, no glasses are all relevant

There is also guidance issued around public nuisance (2.15 - 2.21).

Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder (2.18/2.21).

Licensing law is not the primary mechanism for the general control of nuisance and anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are away from the licensed premises and, therefore, beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or authorisation concerned (14.13).

Other Legislation

Crime and Disorder Act 1998

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

The Act also introduced a wide range of measures designed to address anti- social behaviour committed by adults and young people. These include:

• Anti-Social Behaviour Orders

- Child Curfew Schemes

- Truancy
 Parenting Orders
 Reparation Orders
 Tackling Racism

Licensing Policy Relating to Hours of Trading

All applications have to be considered on their own merits.

The Council has however adopted a set of framework hours as follows:

- Monday to Thursday, from 06:00 hrs to 23:30 hrs
- Friday and Saturday, from 06:00 hrs to 00:00 hrs (midnight)
- Sunday, from 06:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs

(see 16.8 of the Licensing Policy)

In considering the applicability of frame work hours to any particular application regard should be had to the following

- Location
- Proposed hours of regulated activities, and the proposed hours the premises are open to the public
- The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to deal with issues of crime and disorder and public nuisance
- Previous history
- Access to public transport
- Proximity to other licensed premises, and their hours

(See 16.9 of the Licensing Policy)

Subject to any representations to the contrary in individual cases the following premises are not generally considered to contribute to late night anti-social behaviour and will therefore generally have greater freedom

- Theatres
- Cinemas
- Premises with club premises certificates

Planning

An application for a Premises Licence can be made in respect of a premises even where the premises does not have relevant Planning Permission. That application has to be considered and Members can only refuse the application where the application itself does not promote one of more of the Licensing Objectives. Members cannot refuse just because there is no planning permission. Where a Premises Licence is granted and which exceeds what is allowed by the Planning Permission and that Premises then operates in breach of planning then the operator would be liable to enforcement by Planning.