

Appendix 2

Internal Audit Mission and Charter

The Mission of Internal Audit articulates what internal audit aspires to accomplish within an organisation.

The Mission of LBTH Internal Audit Service is to enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk-based and objective assurance, advice and insight.

The Internal Audit Charter sets out the purpose, authority and responsibility of the Council's Internal Audit function, in accordance with the UK Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

The Charter will be reviewed annually and presented to the Audit Committee and to Corporate Management Team for final approval.

Purpose

Internal Audit is defined by the Institute of Internal Auditors' International Professional Practices Framework as "an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes."

Internal audit provides independent and objective assurance to the organisation, its Members, the Corporate Management Team (CMT) and in particular to the Chief Financial Officer to help discharge responsibilities under S151 of the Local Government Act 1972, relating to the proper administration of the Council's financial affairs.

In addition, the Accounts and Audit Regulations (2011) specifically require the provision of an internal audit service. In line with regulations, Internal Audit provides independent assurance on the adequacy of the Council's governance, risk management and internal control systems. Further information around the purpose of

Audit is set out in the Council's Financial Regulations (D3) and Financial Procedures (CR4).

Authority

The Internal Audit function has unrestricted access to all Council records and information, both manual and computerised, cash, stores and other Council property or assets it considers necessary to fulfil its responsibilities. Audit may enter Council property and has unrestricted access to all locations and officers where necessary on demand and without prior notice. Right of access to other bodies funded by the Council should be set out in the conditions of funding.

The Internal Audit function will consider all requests from the external auditors for access to any information, files or working papers obtained or prepared during audit work that has been finalised, which External Audit would need to discharge their responsibilities.

Responsibility

The Council's Head of Internal Audit (The Head of Audit and Risk Management) is required to provide an annual opinion to the Council and to the Chief Financial Officer, through the Audit Committee, on the adequacy and the effectiveness of the internal control system for the whole Council. In order to achieve this, the Internal Audit function has the following objectives:

- To provide a quality, independent and objective audit service that effectively meets the Council's needs, adds value, improves operations and helps protect public resources
- To provide assurance to management that the Council's operations are being conducted in accordance with external regulations, legislation, internal policies and procedures.
- To provide a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, internal control and governance processes
- To provide assurance that significant risks to the Council's objectives are being managed. This is achieved by annually assessing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process.
- To provide advice and support to management to enable an effective control environment to be maintained
- To promote an anti-fraud, anti-bribery and anti-corruption culture within the Council to aid the prevention and detection of fraud
- To investigate allegations of fraud, bribery and corruption

Even sound systems of internal control can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance and may not be proof against collusive fraud. Internal audit procedures are designed to focus on areas identified by the organisation as being of greatest risk and significance and rely on management to provide full access to accounting records and transactions for the purposes of audit work and to ensure the authenticity of these documents.

Where appropriate, Internal Audit will undertake audit or consulting work for the benefit of the Council in organisations wholly owned by the Council, such as Tower Hamlets Homes. Internal Audit may also provide assurance to the Council on third party operations (such as contractors and partners) where this has been provided for as part of the contract.

Reporting

The UK Public Sector Internal Audit Standards require the Head of Internal Audit to report at the top of the organisation and this is done in the following ways:

- The Internal Audit Strategy and Charter and any amendments to them are reported to the Corporate Management Team (CMT) and the Audit Committee (AC). Both documents must then be presented to these bodies annually.
- The annual Internal Audit Plan is compiled by the Head of Internal Audit taking account of the Council's risk framework and after input from members of CMT. It is then presented to CMT and AC annually for noting and endorsement.
- The internal audit budget is reported to Cabinet and Full Council for approval annually as part of the overall Council budget.
- The adequacy, or otherwise, of the level of internal audit resources (as determined by the Head of Internal Audit) and the independence of internal audit will be reported annually to the AC. The approach to providing resource is set out in the Internal Audit Strategy.
- Performance against the Internal Audit Plan and any significant risk exposures and control issues arising from audit work are reported to CMT and AC on a quarterly basis.
- Any significant consulting activity not already included in the audit plan and which might affect the level of assurance work undertaken will be reported to the AC.
- Results from internal audit's Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme will be reported to both CMT and the AC.
- Any instances of non-conformance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards must be reported to CMT and the AC

and will be included in the annual Head of Internal Audit report. If there is significant non-conformance this may be included in the Council's Annual Governance Statement.

Independence

The Head of Internal Audit (the Head of Audit and Risk Management) has free and unfettered access to the following:

- Chief Financial Officer (Corporate Director, Resources)
- Head of Paid Service
- Chair of the Audit Committee (AC)
- Monitoring Officer
- Any other member of the Corporate Management Team

The independence of the Head of Internal Audit is further safeguarded by ensuring that his annual appraisal is not inappropriately influenced by those subject to audit. This is achieved by ensuring that both the Chief Executive and the Chair of the AC contribute to, and/or review the appraisal of the Head of Internal Audit.

All Council and contractor staff in the Governance Service are required to make an annual declaration of interest to ensure that auditors' objectivity is not impaired and that any potential conflicts of interest are appropriately managed.

Internal Audit may also provide consultancy services, such as providing advice on implementing new systems and controls. However, any significant consulting activity not already included in the audit plan and which might affect the level of assurance work undertaken will be reported to the AC. To maintain independence, any audit staff involved in significant consulting activity will not be involved in the audit of that area for at least 12 months.

Due Professional Care

The Internal Audit function is bound by the following standards:

- Institute of Internal Auditor's International Code of Ethics
- Seven Principles of Public Life (Nolan Principles)
- UK Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.
- All Council Policies and Procedures

- All relevant legislation

Internal Audit is subject to a Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme that covers all aspects of internal audit activity. This consists of an annual self-assessment of the service and its compliance with the UK Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, ongoing performance monitoring and an external assessment at least once every five years by a suitably qualified, independent assessor.

A programme of Continuous Professional Development (CPD) is maintained for all staff working on audit engagements to ensure that auditors maintain and enhance their knowledge, skills and audit competencies. Both the Head of Audit and Risk Management and the Audit Manager are required to hold a professional qualification (CCAB or CMIIA) and be suitably experienced.